

45	IMBANG GRANDE				
		RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	1
50	MAASIN				
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
56	MAMBIANAN PEQUENO	RVSV1-RVSV12	NAV	Admitted	12
		RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	1
61	MAN-IT				
		RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	1
65	NUEVO UNION	RVSV1-RVSV3, RVSV5-RVSV6, RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV4, RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	2
70	QUINAGARINGAN GRANDE				
		RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	1
71	QUINAGARINGAN GRANDE	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
73	SABLOGON	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
79	SANTO TOMAS				
		RVSV9	NAV	Admitted	1
80	SANTO TOMAS				
		RVSV10	NAV	Admitted	1
81	TAGUBONG				
		RVSV12-RVSV13	NAV	Admitted	2
82	TAGUBONG				
		RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	1
84	TALONGONON				
		RVSV12	NAV	Admitted	1
86	TUBURAN				
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
Total					56

Municipality of Concepcion

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
1	POBLACION				
		RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	1

5	POBLACION				
		RVSV10	NAV	Admitted	1
8	AGNAGA				
		RVSV15	NAV	Admitted	1
10	BACJAWAN SUR				
		RVSV10	NAV	Admitted	1
11	BAGONGON				
		RVSV4, RVSV6	NAV	Admitted	2
17	IGBON				
		RVSV23	NAV	Admitted	1
18	IGBON				
		RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	1
19	JAMUL-AWON				
		RVSV8-RVSV10	NAV	Admitted	3
21	LO-ONG				
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
24	MACALBANG				
		RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
26	MACATUNAO				
		RVSV9	NAV	Admitted	1
33	PLANDICO	RVSV1-RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	5
		RVSV15	NAV	Admitted	1
Total					20

Municipality of Dingle

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
1	POBLACION				
		RVSV12	NAV	Admitted	1
	POBLACION				
		RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
5	AGSALANAN				
		RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
6	AGTATACAY	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	

		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
26	MOROBORO				
		RVSV2-RVSV4, RVSV6	NAV	Admitted	4
28	NAMATAY	RVSV1-RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	8
30	PANDAN				
		RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	1
32	POTOLAN				
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
33	SAN JOSE				
		RVSV3-RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	2
35	SAN MATIAS				
		RVSV3-RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	2
36	SAN MATIAS				
		RVSV2-RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	2
40	TABUGON				
		RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
48	TULATULA-AN				
		RVSV7-RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	2
Total					27

Municipality of Duenas

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
10	BALANGIGAN				
		RVSV5-RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	3
11	BALINGASAG	RVSV2-RVSV10	NAV	Admitted	9
12	BANUGAN				
		RVSV7-RVSV9	NAV	Admitted	3
14	BITA				
		RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
15	BUENAVISTA				
16	BUGTONGAN	RVSV1-RVSV6	NAV	Admitted	6
18	CALACA-AN				
		RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
22	CAPULING				
		RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	1
32	MALUSGOD				
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
33					
38	PANDAN	RVSV1-RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	

		RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
39	PONONG GRANDE				
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
42	PUROG				
		RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
44	STO. NINO				
		RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	1
47	TAMINLA				
		RVSV9, RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	2
Total					31

Municipality of Dumangas

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
8	BACONG	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
14	BANTUD	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
17	BARAS	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	3
19	BOLILAO				
		RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
20	BOLILAO				
		RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	1
23	CALAO				
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
24	CALI				
		RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	1
25	CALI	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
26	CANSILAYAN				
28	CAPALIZ	RVSV1-RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	7
31	COMPAYAN				
		RVSV7-RVSV9	NAV	Admitted	3
37	ILAYA 1ST				
		RVSV3-RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	2
38	ILAYA 2ND				
		RVSV2-RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	2

42	LACTURAN				
		RVSV9	NAV	Admitted	1
45	MAQUINA	RVSV1-RVSV16	NAV	Admitted	16
46	NANDING LOPEZ	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
48	PAGDUGUE				
		RVSV4-RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	2
54	PATLAD	RVSV1-RVSV3, RVSV5-RVSV7, RVSV9-RVSV12	NAV	Admitted	2
55	PATLAD				
		RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
57	PD MONFORT NORTH				
		RVSV7,RVSV10- RVSV12	NAV	Admitted	4
59	PD MONFORT SOUTH				
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
62	PULAO				
		RVSV12	NAV	Admitted	1
63	ROSARIO				
		RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	1
64	ROSARIO				
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
68	SULANGAN				
		RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	1
71	TABUCAN				
		RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	1
74	TAMBOILAN				
		RVSV19, RVSV21	NAV	Admitted	2
75	TAMBOILAN	RVSV1-RVSV18	NAV	Admitted	18
Total					77

Estancia, Iloilo

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
1	POBLACION ZONE I				
		RVSV5-RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	4

6	POBLACION ZONE II				
		RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
8	BAYAS (BAYAS ISLAND)				
		RVSV14-RSVS15	NAV	ADMITTED	2
14	BOTONGON	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
16	BOTONGHON				
		RVSV5-RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	2
17	BULAQUENA				
		RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	1
19	BULAQUENA				
		RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
20	CALAPDAN	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
22	CANO-AN				
		RVSV5-RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	2
27	GOGO				
		RVSV21	NAV	ADMITTED	1
29	JOLOG				
		RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
32	LUMBIA (ANA CUENCA)				
		RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	1
39	SAN ROQUE				
		RVSV12-RVSV13	NAV	ADMITTED	2
40	SANTA ANA				
		RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
42	TACBUYAN	RVSV1-RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	7
45	TANZA				
		RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	1
46	VILLA PANI-AN				
		RVSV7-RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	2
	TOTAL				32

Guimbal, Iloilo

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
5	RIZAL-TUGUISAN				
		RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
9	BALANTAD- CARLOS	RVSV1-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	4
		RVSV6-RSVS7	NAV	ADMITTED	1
13	ANONO-O				

		RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
28	IGCOCOLO				
		RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
29	IGCOCOLO	RVSV1-RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	5
35	NALUNDAN				
		RVSV6-RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	4
36	NALUNDAN				
		RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
37	NANGA				
		RVSV3-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
43	SANTA ROSA-LAGUNA				
		RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	1
44	SANTA ROSA-LAGUNA				
TOTAL					22

Igbaras, Iloilo

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
1	BARANGAY I POBLACION				
		RFVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
2	BARANGAY 2 POBLACION				
		RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
3	BARANGAY 2 POBLACION				
		RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
4	BARANGAY 3 POBLACION				
		RVSV3-RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	5
5	BARANGAY 4 POBLACION				
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
8	BARANGAY 5 POBLACION				
		RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1

14	BAGACAYAN				
		RVSV	NAV	ADMITTED	1
23	CALAMPITAO	RVSV1-RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	7
25	CATIRINGAN				
		RVSV17-RVSV18	NAV	ADMITTED	2
32	JOVELLAR				
		RVSV6-RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	3
33	KINAGDAN				
		RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
40	PASONG				
		RVSV13-RVSV14	NAV	ADMITTED	2
47	TABIAC	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
	TOTAL				28

Janiuay, Iloilo

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
3	AQUINO NOBLEZA EAST				
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
7	DON T. LUTERO CENTRAL	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
8	DON T. LUTERO WEST	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
13	SAN PEDRO (POB)	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	1
15	SAN JULIAN (POB)				
		RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	1
19	ABANGAY				
		RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
24	ATIMONAN				
		RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	1
31	CALMAY	RVSV1-RVSV18	NAV	ADMITTED	
		RVSV9-19	NAV	ADMITTED	1
33	CANAWILI				
		RVSV7-RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	2
35	CARANAS	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	3
36	CARAUDAN				
		RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	1
39	DABONG				
		RVSV8-RVSV10	NAV	ADMITTED	3

42	DAMO-ONG				
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
44	DANAO				
		RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	1
45	GINES				
		RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV11	NAV	ADMITTED	1
46	GUADALUPE				
		RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
47	GUADALUPE				
		RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	1
54	MADONG				
		RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	1
55	MANACABAC				
		RVSV7-RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	2
58	MATAG-UB				
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
61	PANURAN				
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
63	PATONG-PATONG				
		RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
64	QUIPOT				
		RVSV7-RVSV16	NAV	ADMITTED	10
65	QUIPOT	RVSV1-RVSV14	NAV	ADMITTED	14
67	SARAWAG				
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
68	TAMBAL				
		RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV10	NAV	ADMITTED	1
69	TAMU-AN				
		RVSV13	NAV	ADMITTED	1
73	UBIAN				
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
	TOTAL				61

Lambunao, Iloilo

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
2	POBLACION ILAYA				
		RVSV10	NAV	ADMITTED	1

4	AGTUMAN				
		RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
8	BALAGIAO				
		RVS7	NAV	ADMITTED	1
13	BINABA-AN LABAYNO	RVS1-RVS13	NAV	ADMITTED	13
22	CABATANGAN				
		RVS5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
23	CABUGAO				
		RVS7-RVS8	NAV	ADMITTED	2
25	CAGUISANAN	RVS1-RVS7	NAV	ADMITTED	7
		RVS9-RVS17	NAV	ADMITTED	9
27	CANINGUAN				
		RVS6	NAV	ADMITTED	1
34	CUNARU				
		RVS6	NAV	ADMITTED	1
35	DAANBANWA				
		RVS5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
37	HIPGOS				
		RVS7	NAV	ADMITTED	1
38	JAYUBO				
		RVS9	NAV	ADMITTED	1
45	LUMANAY				
		RVS8	NAV	ADMITTED	1
53	MARIBONG				
		RVS6-RVS7	NAV	ADMITTED	2
54	MARONG				
		RVS4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
55	MISI	RVS1-RVS5	NAV	ADMITTED	5
56	NATIVIDAD				
		RVS7	NAV	ADMITTED	1
57	PAJO				
		RVS4-RVS6	NAV	ADMITTED	3
62	PATAG				
		RVS4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
64	POBLACION ILAWOD				
		RVS6	NAV	ADMITTED	1
77	TAMPUCAO				
78	TRANSHAWAN	RVS1-RVS13	NAV	ADMITTED	13
79	TUBUNGAN	RVS1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
	TOTAL				69

Leganes, Iloilo

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
1	POBLACION	RVSV1-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	4
15	CARI MAYOR	RVSV1-RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	6
23	GUINOBATAN				
24	GUINTAS	RVSV1-RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	1
28	NABITASAN				
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
30	NABITASAN				
		RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
	TOTAL				13

Municipality of Lemery

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
2	Poblacion SE Zone				
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
5	Agpipili				
		RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
22	Nagsulang				
		RVSV9	NAV	Admitted	1
		RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
29	San Diego				
		RVSV15	NAV	Admitted	1
35	Velasco				
		RVSV15	NAV	Admitted	1
36	Yawyawan	RVSV1 - RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	
	TOTAL				6

Municipality of Leon

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
19	Biri Norte	RVSV1 - RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	3
20	Biri Sur	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
24	Buga				
		RVSV6	NAV	Admitted	1
31	Cabutongan	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
32	Cagay	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
36	Capt. Fernando				
		RVSV7 - RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	2
49	Isian Norte	RVSV1 - RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	4
60	Manampunay				
		RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
73	Poblacion				
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
74					
		RVSV7 - RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	2
77					4
92	Tu-og				
		RVSV2 - RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	2
Total:					23

Municipality of Maasin

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
1	THTP Pob.	RVSV1 - RVSV3, RVSV5 - RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	7

2	Agrocel				
		RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	1
3	Mari Pob.				
		RVSV7 - RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	2
4	Delcar Pob.				
		RVSV24	NAV	Admitted	1
13	Buntalan				
		RVSV21	NAV	Admitted	1
15	Cabangcalan	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
16	Cabatac				
		RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
18	Cananghan	RVSV1 - RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	2
20	Dagami	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
22	Daja				
		RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	1
24	Inabasan				
		RVSV26	NAV	Admitted	1
29	Linab				
		RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	1
34	Nasaka				
		RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	1
39	Piandaan East				
		RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
40	Piandaan West				
		RVSV10	NAV	Admitted	1
41	Pispis				
		RVSV6	NAV	Admitted	1
45	Santa Rita	RVSV1 - RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	4
47	Tigbauan				
		RVSV13	NAV	Admitted	1
Total					29

Municipality of Miagao

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
22	Baraclayan	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
23	Bariri				

26	Buenavista Norte				
31	Cabangcalan	RVSV1 - RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	2
40	Cubay				
		RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
50	Fundacion	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
63	Igpuro-Bariri	RVSV1 - RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	2
69	Kirayan Norte				
		RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
70		RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
73	Kirayan Tacas				
		RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
76	Lanutan				
		RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
78	Mabayan	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
80	Malagyan				
		RVSV3 - RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	2
97	Palaca				
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
107	San Rafael				
		RVSV6	NAV	Admitted	1
116	Tig-amaga	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
126	Wayang	RVSV1 - RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	4
Total					21

Municipality of Mina

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
4	Abat				
		RVSV5 - RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	3
5	Agmanaphao				
		RVSV12	NAV	Admitted	1
9	Badiagan				
		RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
11	Bangac				
		RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	1
18	Janipa-an East	RVSV1 - RVSV10, RVSV12	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	1
25	Tolarucan				
		RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	1

28	Yugot				
		RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	1
Total					9

Municipality of New Lucena

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
1	Poblacion				
		RVSV9	NAV	Admitted	1
9	Bilidan				
		RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	1
10		RVSV1 - RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	5
20	Damires	RVSV1 - RVSV22	NAV	Admitted	22
26	Jelicuon Oeste				
		RVSV6 & RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	2
29	Wari-wari				
		RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
Total					32

Municipality of Oton

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
2		RVSV1 - RVSV2	NAV		
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
5	Poblacion North	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
12	Poblacion West	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	
14		RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
16	Abilay Norte	RVSV1 - RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1

22	Batuan Ilaya	RVSV1 - RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
23	Bitá Norte	RVSV1 - RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
24	Bitá Sur	RVSV1 - RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
25	Botong	RVSV1 - RVSV4, RVSV6 - RVSV10	NAV	Admitted	
28		RVSV1 - RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	4
33	Cabanbanan	RVSV1, RVSV3 - RVSV6	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV13 - RVSV14	NAV	Admitted	2
35	Caboloan Norte	RVSV1 - RVSV12	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV13	NAV	Admitted	1
		RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	1
44	Galang	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
48	Pakiad	RVSV1 - RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	
50		RVSV1 - RVSV6	NAV	Admitted	6
56	Sambaludan	RVSV1 - RVSV10	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	1
57	San Antonio	RVSV1 - RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
67	Santa Rita	RVSV1 - RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV6	NAV	Admitted	
68		RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
72	Trapiche	RVSV1 - RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
Total					26

Municipality of Pavia

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
3	PUROK II				
		RVSV4-RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	2
8	AGANAN				
		RVSV10	NAV	Admitted	1
14	ANILAO				
15	BALABAG	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	2
16	BALABAG				
		RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
18	BALABAG	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	2

20	CABUGAO NORTE				
		RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	1
23	CABUGAO SUR				
		RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
		RVSV13	NAV	Admitted	1
31	PAGSANGA-AN				
		RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
32	PAGSANGA-AN	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	2
36	PANDAC				
		RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
40	UNGKA I				
		RVSV5-RVSV6	NAV	Admitted	2
Total					17

Municipality of Pototan

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
2	FERNANDO PARCON WARD	RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
3	PRIMITIVO LEDESMA WARD				
		RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
6	LOPEZ JAENA WARD				
		RVSV5-RVSV6	NAV	Admitted	2
10	AMAMAROS				
		RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	1
17	BATUAN	RVSV1-RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	7
		RVSV2, RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	2
		RVSV6, RVSV9	NAV	Admitted	2
26	CAU-AYAN				
		RVSV10	NAV	Admitted	1
		RVSV5-RVSV6	NAV	Admitted	2
		RVSV12	NAV	Admitted	1
34	FUNDACION	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
		RVSV12-RVSV14	NAV	Admitted	3
36	GUINACAS	RVSV1-RVSV2, RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	3
50	MACATOL				
		RVSV6 RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	2

57	NASLO	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	2
67	SINUAGAN	RVSV1-RVSV4, RVSV6-RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	6
74	ZARRAGUE				
		RVSV3-RVSV5, RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	4
Total					41

Municipality of San Dionisio

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
2	POBLACION	RVSV4-RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	2
		RVSV6-RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	3
8	BATUAN	RVSV1-RVSV17	NAV	Admitted	17
13	CAPINANG				
		RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	1
17	CUDIONAN				
		RVSV4-RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	2
		RVSV11-RVSV13	NAV	Admitted	3
22	MANDU-AWAK				
		RVSV15	NAV	Admitted	1
34	SIEMPREVIVA				
		RVSV11, RVSV13	NAV	Admitted	2
40	TIABAS	RVSV1-RVSV6	NAV	Admitted	6
Total					39

Municipality of San Enrique

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading

					but the same is consistent with those made for other position
1	POBLACION ILAYA		NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV2-RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	2
8	BANTAYAN				
		RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
11	CABUGAO NUEVO				
		RVSV18	NAV	Admitted	1
		RVSV3-RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	2
		RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	1
		RVSV13, RVSV15-RVSV17	NAV	Admitted	4
17	CUBAY	RVSV1-RVSV19	NAV	Admitted	19
		RVSV10-RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	2
		RVSV11, RVSV15	NAV	Admitted	2
36	QUINOLPAN				
		RVSV10	NAV	Admitted	1
39	TAMBUNAC				
		RVSV4-RVSV7, RVSV10	NAV	Admitted	5
Total					40

Municipality of San Joaquin

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
5	PUROK 4	RVSV10	NAV	Admitted	1
8	AMBOYU-AN				
		RVSV5-RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	5
14	BAYBAY				
		RVSV10-RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	2
17	BONGA				
		RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
23	CAMABA-AN				
		RVSV3-RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	2

25	CATA-AN				
		RVSV3, RVSV7- RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	3
26	CROSSING DAPUYAN				
		RVSV9	NAV	Admitted	1
33	ESCALANTERA				
		RVSV3-RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	2
35	GUIBONGAN BAYUNAN	RVSV1-RVSV9	NAV	Admitted	9
54	LAWIGAN	RVSV1, RVSV3, RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
55	LAWIGAN	RVSV1-RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	
56	LOMBOY	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
		RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	
57	LOMBOYAN	RVSV1, RVSV3- RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	
		RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
59	MABINI NORTE				
		RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
66	MONTINOLA	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
74	QUI-ANAN	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	2
77	SAN MATEO NORTH	RVSV2-RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	4
		RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
		RVSV6-RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	2
		RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
90	TIOLAS	RVSV1,RVSV3, RVSV6-RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	5
Total					46

Municipality of San Miguel

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
4	4 POB.	RVSV1-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	4
		RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV12-RVSV13	NAV	ADMITTED	2

		RVS5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS8-RVS10	NAV	ADMITTED	3
		RVS7-RVS8	NAV	ADMITTED	2
Total					14

Municipality of San Rafael

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
1	POBLACION	RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
2	POBLACION	RVS4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
8	ILONGBUKID	RVS1-RVS4	NAV	ADMITTED	4
9		RVS1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS2-RVS3, RVS6	NAV	ADMITTED	3
TOTAL					11

Municipality of Santa Barbara

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
	BARANGAY ZONE II (POB)	RVS2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
10		RVS1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
17	BALIBAGAN ESTE				
		RVS13	NAV	ADMITTED	1
22	BARASAN ESTE				
		RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
25	BITAOG-TAYTAY	RVS2	NAV	ADMITTED	1

26	BOLONG ESTE				
		RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
29					
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
30	BUAYAHON				
		RVSV10	NAV	ADMITTED	1
35	CABUGAO SUR				
		RVSV8, RVSV11	NAV	ADMITTED	2
36	CADAGMAYAN NORTE				
37		RVSV1-RVSV15	NAV	ADMITTED	15
40	CALABOA ESTE	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
42	CAMAMBUGAN				
		RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
47	DUYADUYAN	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
49	GEN. MARTIN T. D.				
		RVSV4, RVSV8-RVSV10	NAV	ADMITTED	4
53		RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV16	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV5-RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVSV5-RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	2
TOTAL					40

Municipality of Sara

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
8	ANORING				
		RVSV12	NAV	ADMITTED	1
9	ANORING	RVSV1-RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	7
11	APOLOGISTA				
		RVSV32	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV19-RVSV22	NAV	ADMITTED	4
13	PASIG				
		RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	1

15	APOSAGA				
		RVSV14-RVSV15	NAV	ADMITTED	2
21	ASWE-PABRIAGA				
		RVSV6-RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	2
22	BAGAYGAY	RVSV1-RVSV9, RVSV11	NAV	ADMITTED	10
		RVSV20	NAV	ADMITTED	1
31					
		RVSV19-RVSV21	NAV	ADMITTED	3
37					
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
38	LABIGAN				
		RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	1
41	MALAPAYA				
		RVSV2, RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	2
44	PRECIOSA				
		RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	1
50	VILLAHERMOSA				
		RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	1
51	ZERRUDO	RVSV1-RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	
52					
TOTAL					38

Municipality of Tigbauan

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
4	BARANGAY 4	RVSV12	NAV	ADMITTED	1
6	BARANGAY 6				
		RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
9	BARANGAY 8				
		RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	1
10					
		RVSV4,RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	2
13	ATABAYAN				
		RVSV10, RVSV13	NAV	ADMITTED	2

16	BAGACAY				
		RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	1
17					
18	BAGUINGIN				
19		RVSV1-RVSV10	NAV	ADMITTED	10
26	BAROSONG				
		RVSV10	NAV	ADMITTED	1
27	BARROC				
		RVSV12-RVSV14	NAV	ADMITTED	2
37		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
47	DORONG-AN				
		RVSV8-RVSV11	NAV	ADMITTED	4
		RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
51					
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
53	LANAG	RVSV1-RVSV11	NAV	ADMITTED	11
55	LUBOG				
		RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	1
61	NAPNAPAN SUR				
		RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
64	PARARAN NORTE				
		RVSV2, RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	2
66	PARARAN SUR				
		RVSV12	NAV	ADMITTED	1
71	SUPA	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	3
TOTAL					47

Municipality of Tubungan

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
5	ADGAO	RVSV11	NAV	ADMITTED	1
7	AMBARIHON				
		RVSV2- RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	2
13	BANTAYANAN	RVSV1- RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
21	CADABDAB				
		RVSV2- RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	2

36	MAYANG				
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
48	TENIENTE BENITO				
		RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
TOTAL					9

Municipality of Zarraga

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
3	ILAWOD POB	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
17	JALUAD NORTE	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
25	SIGANGAO	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
30	TUBURA	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
31	TUBURA SULBOD	RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
TOTAL					6

Province of Negros Oriental

Municipality of Amlan

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
3	Bio-os	RVSV2 to RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	2
4	Bio-os	RVSV3 to RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	2
	Jantianon	RVSV8 to RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	2
10	Jugno	RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	1

18	Tambojangin	RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	1
19	Tambojangin	RVSV4 to RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	5
20	Tandayag	RVSV1 to RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	6
22	Tandayag	RVSV1 to RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
TOTAL					21

Municipality of Ayungon

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
1	Poblacion	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
7	Awa-an	RVSV9-RVSV10	NAV	ADMITTED	2
9	Ban-Ban	RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
12	Calagcalag	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
13	Candana-Ay	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
14	Carol-an	RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
15	Carol-an	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
20	Inacban	RVSV8-RVSV13	NAV	ADMITTED	6
28	Mabato	RVSV4-RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	2
31	Manogtong	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
32	Nabhang	RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	1
38	Tampocon II	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
39	Tampocon II	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
41	Tibyawan	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
42	Tiguib	RVSV1-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	4
43	Tiguib	RVSV5-RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	2
Total					28

Municipality of Bacong

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
1	North Poblacion	RVSV3, RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	2
9	Banilad	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
18	Combado	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
20	Doldol	RVSV2 and RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	2
21	Isugan	RVSV2 to RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	2

27	Mampas	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
28	Sacsac	RVSV2 to RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	2
29	Sacsac	RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
33	Sa Miguel	RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
37	Timbao	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
TOTAL					14

Municipality of Bais City

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
1	Barangay I	RVSV1 to RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	
1	Barangay I	RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
4	Barangay I	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
13	Barangay II	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
14	Basak	RVSV13	NAV	ADMITTED	1
20	Calasga-an	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
23	Cambanjao	RVSV1 to RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
25	Cambagahan	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
33	Cambuilao	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
35	Canlargo	RVSV1 to RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	7
36	Canlargo	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
38	Capinahan	RVSV2 to RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	2
47	Lo-oc	RVSV1 to RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	4
49	Lo-oc	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
54	Manlipac	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
65	Panala-an	RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
67	Panam-angan	RVSV1 to RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	6
TOTAL					32

Municipality of Basay

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
11	Bongalonan	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
12	Bongalonan	RVSV3 to RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	3
14	Bongalonan	RVSV4 to RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	2
17	Linantayan	RVSV1 to RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	7

20	Maglinao	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
21	Nagbo-alao	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
TOTAL					15

Bayawan City, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
23	CANSUMALIG	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
24	DAWIS	RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
29	DAWIS	RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
30	KALAMTUKAN	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
34	KALUMBOYAN	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
38	KALUMBOYAN	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
39	MALABUGAS	RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
40	MALABUGAS	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
52	MINABA	RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
55	NANGKA	RVSV1-RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	7
66	NARRA	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	3
68	PAGATBAN	RVSV2-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	3
73	SAN JOSE	RVSV5-RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	2
74	SAN JOSE	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
	TAYAWAN	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
95	UBOS (POB.)	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
99	VILLAREAL	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
101	VILLAREAL	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
Total					29

Bindoy, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
1	POBLACION	RVSV2-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	3
3	POBLACION	RVSV1-RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	5
9	CABCARAN	RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	1

13	CABUGAN	RVSV3-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	2
15	CANLUTO	RVSV11	NAV	ADMITTED	1
16	DANAO	RVSV11	NAV	ADMITTED	1
19	DOMOLOG	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
20	MALAGA	RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	1
26	NALUNDAN	RVSV2-RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	2
30	NALUNDAN	RVSV3, RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	2
31	NALUNDAN	RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
32	NALUNDAN	RVSV1-RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	5
33	PANGALAYCAYAN	RVSV11	NAV	ADMITTED	1
37	TAGAYTAY	RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
TOTAL					27

Canlaon City, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
5	MABIGO	RVSV2, RVSV7-RVSV8, RVR10	NAV	ADMITTED	4
10	BAYOG	RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
11	BAYOG	RVSV3-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	2
14	BINALBAGAN	RVSV6-RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	2
15	BUCALAN	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	3
17	BUCALAN	RVSV6-RVSV7, RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	3
18	BUDLASAN	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
19	BUDLASAN	RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	1
21	LINOTHANGAN	RVSV5-RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	2
25	LUMAPAO	RVSV1-RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	7
27	MALAIBA	RVSV5-RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	5
33	MASULOG	RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV13-RVSV15	NAV	ADMITTED	
34	NINOY AQUINO	RVSV1, RVSV3-RVSV5, RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	5
36	PANUBIGAN	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
41	PULA	RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
42	PULA	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	3
43	PULA	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
Total					43

Municipality of Dauin, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
14	Bulak	RVSV1-RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	1
16	Casile	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
23	Mag-Aso	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
28	Masaplod Norte	RVSV1, RVSV3-RVSV9	NAV	Admitted	8
34	Tunga-Tunga	RVSV1, RVSV3, RVSV6	NAV	Admitted	3
	Total				14

Dumaguete City, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
1	Poblacion No.1 (Barangay 1)	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
10	Poblacion No.7 (Barangay 7)	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
11	Poblacion No.8 (Barangay 8).	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
16	Bagacay	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
25	Bajumpandan	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
31	Banilad	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
34	Banilad	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
36	Bantayan	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	2
42	Batinguel	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	3
45	Batinguel	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
54	Cadawinonan	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	2
64	Camanjac	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	3
65	Camanjac	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	2
69	Candau-ay	RVSV1, RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	3
70	Candau-ay	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
74	Cantil-E	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
82	Daro	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1

1	North Poblacion	RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
3	South Poblacion	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
4	Aglahug	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
6	Apanangon	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	3
		RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
		RVSV6	NAV	Admitted	1
		RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
14	Camandayon	RVSV1, RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	2
		RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	1
23	Mambaid	RVSV1-RVSV11	NAV	Admitted	11
		RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
26	Pacuan	RVSV1, RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	2
		RVSV12	NAV	Admitted	1
		RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
29	Sampiniton	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
		RVSV10	NAV	Admitted	1
Total					30

Municipality of La Libertad

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
1	Poblacion North	RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	1
		RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	1
		RVSV13	NAV	Admitted	1
12	Cantupa	RVSV1-RVSV4, RVSV6-RVSV9	NAV	Admitted	8
		RVSV7-RVSV8	NAV	Admitted	2
22	Mapalasan	RVSV1, RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	2
		RVSV2, RVSV5	NAV	Admitted	2
		RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
34	San Jose	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	3
Total					21

MABINAY, NEGROS ORIENTAL

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
3	POBLACION	RVS1-RVS2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
13	BARRAS	RVS1-RVS2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVS3-RVS4	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVS5RVS6	NAV	ADMITTED	2
23	CANGGOHOB	RVS1-RVS2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
27	DAHILE	RVS1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS6-RVS14	NAV	ADMITTED	9
		RVS7	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
37	LUMBANGAN	RVS1-RVS6	NAV	ADMITTED	6
		RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
41	MANLINGAY	RVS2-RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	2
43	MAYAPOSUI	RVS1-RVS7	NAV	ADMITTED	7
		RVS5-RVS6	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVS2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
56	SAMAC	RVS1-RVS4	NAV	ADMITTED	5
		RVS7	NAV	ADMITTED	1
61	TARA	RVS1-RVS2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
62	TARA	RVS1-RVS9	NAV	ADMITTED	9
TOTAL					62

MANJUYOD, NEGROS ORIENTAL

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
2	POBLACION	RVS1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
3	ALANGILANAN	RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS5-RVS6	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVS6	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS7-RVS9	NAV	ADMITTED	3

		RVSV10	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV16-RVSV21	NAV	ADMITTED	6
		RVSV3-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	2
25	LIBJO	RVSV1-RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	5
27	MAASLUM	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	3
32	SAC-SAC	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVSV11	NAV	ADMITTED	1
40	SUNDO-ASN	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
44	TUPAS	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
	TOTAL				32

PAMPLONA, NEGROS ORIENTAL

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
		RVSV11-RVSV12	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
10	BANAWE	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	3
17	FATIMA	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVSV7-RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVSV4-RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	1
38	SIMBORIO	RVSV1-RVSV11	NAV	ADMITTED	11
		RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV11	NAV	ADMITTED	1
	TOTAL				30

San Jose, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
4	BASIAO	RVSV5-RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	4
11	NAIBA	RVSV5-RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	4
14	SANTO NINO	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1

16	SENORA ASCION (CALO)	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
	SIAPO	RVSV3-RVSV4			2
Total					12

Santa Catalina, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
6	POBLACION	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
15	AMIO	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	3
17	BUENAVISTA	RVSV1-RVSV2, RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	3
19	CAIGANGAN	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
23		RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
25	CAWITAN	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
27	CAWITAN	RVSV1-RVSV4, RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	5
28	FATIMA KABUCLAN	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	1
36	MANALONGON	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
37	MANALONGON	RVSV1-RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	6
46	NAGBINLOD	RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
54	SAN JOSE	RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
55	SAN JOSE	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
	SAN MIGUEL	RVSV3, RVSV5			2
58	SAN PEDRO	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	
Total					31

Municipality of Siaton, Negros Orriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
		RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV2-RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	2
11	ALBIGA	RVSV1-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	4
22	CABANGAHAN	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1

		RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
33	CATICUGAN	RVSV1-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	4
		RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV2-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	3
		RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV6-RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVSV2-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	3
Total					25

Municipality of Sibulan, Negros Orriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
6	AGAN-AN	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
24	ENRIQUE VILLANUEVA	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
26	LOOC	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
29	LOOC	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV5-RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	
35	MANINGCAO	RVSV1-RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	9
		RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
Total					17

Tanjay City, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
2	POBLACION I	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVSV2-RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVSV5-RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	3
8	POBLACION IV	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2

		RVS2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
23	AZAGRA	RVS2-RVS4, RVS6-RVS11	NAV	ADMITTED	9
		RVS7-RVS14	NAV	ADMITTED	8
		RVS6-RVS8	NAV	ADMITTED	3
		RVS7	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS2-RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	2
57	SAN MIGUEL	RVS1-RVS2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVS9	NAV	ADMITTED	1
Total					38

Tayasan, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
		RVS6	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS5-RVS6	NAV	ADMITTED	2
25	PALASLAN	RVS1-RVS5	NAV	ADMITTED	5
		RVS4-RVS5	NAV	ADMITTED	2
29	PINALUBNGAN	RVS1-RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	3
		RVS7	NAV	ADMITTED	1
Total					15

Valencia, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
3	APOLONG	RVS1-RVS2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
		RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
13	BALUGO	RVS1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
		RVS3	NAV	ADMITTED	1

35	PALINPINON	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	3
		RVSV3-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	2
42	SAGBANG	RVSV1-RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	6
TOTAL					19

Vallehermoso, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
2	POBLACION	RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	1
9	BAGAWINES	RVSV1-RVSV3, RVSV8-RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	5
11	CABULIHAN	RVSV1-RVSV2, RVSV15	NAV	ADMITTED	3
	DON ESPIRIDION VILLEGAS	RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
14	GUBA	RVSV2-RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	2
17	MACAPSO	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
	MALANGSA	RVSV4-RVSV7	NAV	ADMITTED	4
21	MOLOBOLO	RVSV1-RVSV14	NAV	ADMITTED	14
	PUAN	RVSV4-RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	6
29	TABON	RVSV14-RVSV16	NAV	ADMITTED	3
30	TABON	RVSV18	NAV	ADMITTED	1
31	TAGBINO	RVSV5-RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	2
TOTAL					44

Zamboanguita, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Oval for claimant with ambiguous shading but the same is consistent with those made for other position
5	POBLACION	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	2
6	POBLACION	RVSV6	NAV	ADMITTED	1
8	BASAC	RVSV5	NAV	ADMITTED	1
10	CALANGO	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	3
11	LOTUBAN	RVS6	NAV	ADMITTED	1
16	MALUAY	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
23	NAJANDIG	RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1

25	NASIG-ID	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
TOTAL					11

29. This Honorable Tribunal must also look into the ballots which were admitted as claims for protestee Robredo even though the Preliminary Appreciation Committee **DID NOT SPECIFY** any justification for the admission of these ballots. It is a fundamental rule in election protest cases that the justification for the admission of a claim should be specified and explained in detail. Otherwise, the ruling may be nullified for lack of basis.

30. Presented below in tabular form are the ballots which were mistakenly admitted as valid claims in favor of protestee Robredo even though the Preliminary Appreciation Committee did not specify the finding/justification for their admission, thus:

Province of Camarines Sur

Municipality of Balatan

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
16	LAGANAC	RVSV20	NAV	Admitted	1
TOTAL					1

Municipality of Bombon

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
5	SAN ROQUE	RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
TOTAL					1

Municipality of Buhi

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
42	MONTE CALVARIO	RVSV15	NAV	Admitted	1
62	SANTA CRUZ	RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
TOTAL					2

Iriga City

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims		Admitted. No findings
				Ruling on Claims	
68	Santiago	RVSV5-RVSV6	NOV	Admitted	2
TOTAL					2

Municipality of LAGONOY

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
14	Agosais	RVSV2	NOV	Admitted	1
TOTAL					1

Municipality of LIBMANAN

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
59	Malinao	RVSV9	NOV	Admitted	1
85	San Isidro	RVSV8	NOV	Admitted	1
90	Sibujo	RVSV12	NOV	Admitted	1
					3

Municipality of Nabua

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
20	Dolorosa	RVSV9	NOV	Admitted	1
TOTAL					1

Municipality of OCAMPO					
CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Admitted. No findings	
5	Cagmanaba	RVSV1	NOV	1	
8	Gatbo	RVSV6	NOV	1	
total				2	

Municipality of Pamplona, Camarines Sur

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
7	Burabod	RVSV1-RVSV7	NAV	Admitted	1
12	Calawat	RVSV1-RVSV10	NOV	Admitted	5
		RVSV11			6

Municipality of Pasacao, Camarines Sur

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
40	Tilnac	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
					1

Municipality of Pili

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
26	Cadlan	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	Admitted	1
68	Tinangis	RVSV1	NOV	Admitted	1
TOTAL					2

Municipality of Presentacion

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
1	Santa Maria (POB)	RVSV1-RVSV7, RVSV9-RVSV20	NAV	Admitted	1
TOTAL					1

Municipality of San Jose, Camarines Sur

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
36	Tagas	RVSV13	NOV	Admitted	1
Total					1

Municipality of Tigaon, Camarines Sur

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
16	San Francisco	RVSV3	NOV	Admitted	1
Total					1

Province of Iloilo

Municipality of Cabatuan

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
70	TIGBAUAN ROAD				
		RVSV13	NOV	ADMITTED	1
Total					1

City of Passi

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
32	BUYO	RVSV6/MVSV5	NOV	Admitted	1
46	IMBANG GRANDE	RVSV11	NOV	Admitted	1
50	MAASIN	RVSV6	NOV	Admitted	1
Total					3

GUIMBAL, ILOILO

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
23	CABUBUGAN	RVSV1-RVSV2	NAV	ADMITTED	1
TOTAL					1

IGBARAS, ILOILO

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
40	PASONG	RVSV1-RVSV12	NAV	ADMITTED	1
	TOTAL				1

JANIUAY, ILOILO

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
26	BARASALON	RVSV1-RVSV10	NAV	ADMITTED	1
	TOTAL				1

Municipality of Mina

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
3	Mina West	RVSV10	NOV	Admitted	1
Total					1

Municipality of New Lucena

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
8	Balabag	RVSV3	NOV	Admitted	1
Total					1

Municipality of San Dionisio

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
8	BATUAN	RVSV18	NOV	Admitted	1
Total					1

Municipality of San Enrique

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
1	POBLACION ILAYA	RVSV5/MVSV1	NOV	Admitted	1
Total					1

Municipality of Sara

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
14	PASIG	RVSV9	NAV	ADMITTED	1
TOTAL					1

Municipality of Tigbauan

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
49	GUISIAN	RVSV1	NAV	ADMITTED	1
TOTAL					1

Municipality of Tubungan

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Admitted. No findings
5	ADGAO	RVSV18	NAV	ADMITTED	1
TOTAL					1

Province of Negros Oriental

Amlan, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
22	Tandayag	RVSV5	NOV	ADMITTED	1
TOTAL					1

Ayungon, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
5	Anibong	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1

Bayawan City, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
11	BANGA	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
71	POBLACION	RVSV3	NAV	ADMITTED	1
89	TAYAWAN	RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	1
Total					3

Municipality of Dauin, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
32	Tugawe	RVSV1	NAV	Admitted	1
	Total				1

Dumaguete City, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
30	Banilad	RVSV6	NOV	Admitted	1
67	Camanjac	RVSV2	NAV	Admitted	1
116	Taclobo	RVSV3-RVSV4	NAV	Admitted	1
	Total				3

Municipality of Guihulngan

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
22	Binobohan	RVSV12	NOV	Admitted	1
Total					1

Municipality of La Libertad

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
24	Martilo	RVSV7	NOV	Admitted	1
Total					1

MABINAY, NEGROS ORIENTAL

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
6	ABIS	RVSV1-RVSV8	NAV	ADMITTED	1
TOTAL					1

Municipality of Siaton, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Admitted. No findings
20	BONBONON	RVSV1-RVSV4	NAV	ADMITTED	4
Total					4

31. Another grave error committed by the Preliminary Appreciation Committee is the addition of votes in favor of protestee Robredo even though the ballots claimed by her were rejected as per the Preliminary Appreciation Report thus:

Province of Camarines Sur

Municipality of LIBMANAN

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Claim was rejected, however the ballots was/were added to the claimed ballots for Robredo
9	Libod II	RVSV4	NAV	REJECTED	1
					1

Municipality of Nabua

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Claim was rejected, however the ballot/s was/were added to the claimed ballots for Robredo
45	San Isidro	RVSV6	NOV	REJECTED	1
TOTAL					1

Province of Iloilo

Municipality of Balasan

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Claim was rejected, however the ballot/s was/were added to the claimed ballots for Robredo
32	Salong	RVSV8-RVSV16	NOV	REJECTED	9
TOTAL					9

Municipality of Barotac Nuevo

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Claim was rejected, however the ballot/s was/were added to the claimed ballots for Robredo
44	TABUC-SUBA	RVSV12	NOV	REJECTED	1
Total					1

Igbaras, Iloilo

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Claim was rejected, however the ballot/s was/were added to the claimed ballots for Robredo
1	BARANGAY I POBLACION	RVSV1-RVSV3	NAV	REJECTED	1
TOTAL					1

Municipality of Oton

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Ruling on Claims	Claim was rejected, however the ballot/s was/were added to the claimed ballots for Robredo
1	Poblacion East	MVSV2/RVSV3, MVSV3/RVSV3, RVSV4/MVSV5	NOV	Rejected	3
Total					3

Province of Negros Oriental

Amlan, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Claim was rejected however the ballot/s was/were added to the claimed ballot for Robredo	
3	Bio-os	RVSV1	NOV	Rejected	NOV	Rejected
		RVSV5 to RVSV9	NOV	Rejected	5	
					6	

Bais City, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Claim was rejected however the ballot/s was/were added to the claimed ballot for Robredo
78	Tagpo	RVSV11 to RVSV12	NOV	Rejected	2

		RVSV13	NOV	ADMITTED	1
		RVSV14	NOV	ADMITTED	1
					4

Bayawan City, Negros Oriental

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Claim was rejected however the ballot/s was/were added to the claimed ballot for Robredo
8	BANGA	RVSV1	NAV	Rejected	1

Municipality of La Libertad

CP No.	BARANGAY	EXH. No.	Grounds for Claims	Rulings on Claims	Claim was rejected however the ballot/s was/were added to the claimed ballot for Robredo
32	Pisong	RVSV6-RVSV10	NOV	Rejected	5

32. Finally, rejected ballots claimed by protestee Robredo were admitted by the Preliminary Appreciation Committee and added to her total votes obtained in the aftermath of the revision and recount proceedings for the pilot protest.

33. This is wrong.

34. Protestee Robredo should not be allowed to claim rejected ballots without first verifying the basis for the rejection of the ballot/s by the Vote Counting Machine (VCM) and whether replacement ballots were issued to the concerned voter during the elections. Attached as **Annex "A" series** is the tabular presentation of the rejected ballots which were erroneously admitted as valid claims in favor of protestee Robredo.

ISSUES RELATED TO THE THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

35. As for the second part of the Memorandum, in connection with the issues related to the Third Cause of Action, in order to fully comprehend the position of protestant Marcos therein, there is a need to first discuss the factual backdrop and legal basis for the inclusion of the Third Cause of Action in his *Election Protest*.

36. As mentioned in the *Resolution* dated **15 October 2019**, the *Election Protest* filed by protestant Marcos is grounded on **two (2)** main causes of action, thus:

A. (First Cause of Action)

The proclamation of protestee Robredo as the duly elected Vice-President is null and void because the COCs generated by the CCS are not authentic, and may not be used as basis to determine the number of votes that the candidates for Vice-President received for the following reasons:

(1) The reliability of the system employed to canvass the votes received by the candidates for Vice-President was not established before the elections, which was exploited to favor protestee Robredo.

(a) The mandatory requirements of Republic Act No. 8436, as amended, were not shown to have been complied with.

(b) The use of the AES supplied by Smartmatic violated Republic Act No. 8436, as amended.

(2) Other violations of Republic Act No. 8436, as amended, as well as a confluence of irregularities, and

breaches of security protocols and procedures severely undermined the integrity and credibility of the entire electoral exercise, particularly the COCs on the basis of which protestee Robredo was proclaimed as the duly elected Vice-President.

- (a) The COMELEC acted unlawfully by issuing and implementing certain resolutions relating to the SD cards of the VCM.
- (b) The COMELEC acted unlawfully by reconfiguring **30** CCS of **4** provinces and **26** cities / municipalities contrary to its own contingency procedure.
- (c) Smartmatic introduced a new program into the Transparency Server in breach of protocol and without proper authority, and betraying the fact that a software was used in a component of the AES without being subjected to review by political parties and candidates as required by Republic Act No. 8436, as amended.
- (d) An intermediary / queue server was unlawfully utilized in gross violation and disregard of Republic Act No. 8436, as amended, and COMELEC Resolution No. 10057.
- (e) The AES supplied by Smartmatic was a vulnerable system as per report of SysTest Labs, Inc. ("SLI").

B.
(Second Cause of Action)

Massive electoral fraud, anomalies, and irregularities, such as, but not limited to terrorism, violence, force, threats, force, intimidation, pre-shading of ballots, vote-buying, substitution of voters, flying voters, pre-loaded SD cards, misreading of ballots, unexplained, irregular and improper rejection of ballots containing votes for protestant Marcos, malfunctioning VCM, and abnormally high unaccounted votes / undervotes for the position of Vice-President compromised and corrupted the conduct of the elections and the election results for the position of Vice-President in the protested precincts.

37. Protestant Marcos further subdivided his Second Cause of Action into *two* (2) for the [i.] Annulment of the election results in the **two thousand seven hundred fifty-six (2,756)** protested clustered precincts of *Lanao Del Sur, Maguindanao, and Basilan* on the ground of terrorism, force, violence, threats and intimidation which facilitated the batch-feeding of pre-shaded ballots in favor of protestee Robredo in these provinces; and [ii.] **Re-opening** of the ballot boxes and the **manual recount, judicial revision, technical examination and forensic investigation** of the paper ballots and / or the ballot images, voter's receipts, election returns, audit logs, transmission logs, the lists of voters, particularly the Election Day Computerized Voter's List ("EDCVL") and voters registration records ("VRRs"), the books of voters and other pertinent election documents and / or paraphernalia used in the elections, as well as the automated election equipment and records such as the VCM, the SD cards (main and back up), and the other data storage devices containing electronic data and ballot images in **each** of the **thirty-six thousand four hundred sixty-five (36,465)** protested clustered precincts which functioned in *Cebu Province, Leyte, Negros Occidental, Negros Oriental, Masbate, Zamboanga Del Sur, Zamboanga Del Norte, Bukidnon, Iloilo Province, Bohol, Quezon Province, Batangas, Western Samar, Misamis Oriental, Camarines Sur, 2nd District of Northern Samar, Palawan, Albay, Zamboanga Sibugay, Misamis Occidental, Pangasinan, Isabela, Iloilo City, Bacolod City, Cebu City, Lapu-Lapu*

City and Zamboanga City on the ground of violence, intimidation, vote-buying, substitution of voters / presence of flying voters, misreading of ballots, malfunctioning and tampered VCM and CCS, pre-loaded SD cards, and an abnormally high turn-out of unaccounted votes / undervotes for the position of Vice-President thereat.

38. The aforementioned causes of action, which are separate, distinct and independent from each other, were pleaded by protestant Marcos both in the body and the reliefs prayed for by him in his *Election Protest*.

39. These causes of action for the [i.] annulment of protestee Robredo's proclamation, [ii.] Annulment of election results for the position of Vice-President and [iii.] Judicial recount and revision of the protested ballots, were also reiterated by protestant Marcos in his *Preliminary Conference Brief* which was filed on **16 June 2017**.

40. During the scheduled preliminary conference in this case, that was conducted on **11 July 2017**, this Honorable Tribunal, thru Honorable Justice Alfredo Benjamin S. Caguioa, provided the parties with a *Preliminary Conference Guide*, which summarized their respective admissions, proposed stipulations, issues and witnesses.

41. The *Preliminary Conference Guide* categorized protestant's causes of action into the following:

First Cause of Action – Annulment of Proclamation

The proclamation of protestee Robredo as the duly elected Vice President is null and void because the COCs generated by the CCS are not authentic, and may not be used as basis to determine the number of votes that the candidates for VICE PRESIDENT received.

Second Cause of Action – Revision and Recount

Revision and recount of the paper ballots and/or the ballot images as well as an examination, verification, and analysis of the voter's receipts, election returns, audit logs, transmission logs, the lists of voters, particularly the EDCVL, and VRRs, the books of voters and other pertinent election documents and/or paraphernalia used in the elections, as well as the automated election equipment and records such as the VCMs, CCS units, SD cards (main and backup), and the other data storage devices containing electronic data and ballot images in ALL of the 36,465 protested clustered precincts pursuant to Rule 38 to 45 of the 2010 PET Rules; and

Third Cause of Action – Annulment of Elections

Annulment of election results for the position of Vice President in the provinces of Maguindanao, Lanao del Sur and Basilan, on the ground of terrorism, intimidation and harassment of voters as well as pre-shading of ballots in all of the 2,756 protested clustered precincts that functioned in the aforesaid areas.

42. Protestant's lead counsel, Atty. George Erwin M. Garcia, agreed with the above-quoted categorization of protestant Marcos' **separate, distinct and independent causes of action** by this Honorable Tribunal as shown by the Transcript of Stenographic Notes (TSN) taken during the preliminary conference of the above-entitled case before the *En Banc* held at the New Session Hall, New Supreme Court Building, Padre Faura, Manila on 11 July 2017, Tuesday at 2:00 o'clock in the afternoon, thus:

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

Can I ask for counsel for protestant again? I'd like to go the Second Cause of Action; which I'm calling Second and Third Causes of Action because they're really for judicial recount and annulment of elections. You'd lumped them together but I broken them down.

ATTY. GARCIA:

Yes, Your Honor.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

Again to clarify. For the 2,756 clustered precincts in the 39,221 protested clustered precincts belonging to Lanao del Sur, Maguindanao and Basilan, you are asking for annulment of the election results. But for the rest 36,465 you are asking for a judicial revision, do I understand your Causes of Action correctly?

ATTY. GARCIA:

You are perfectly correct, Your Honor.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

Now, on the Second Cause of Action, my reading is, this is for the revision it is or both, they are both grounded or premised on the same factual allegations of, and I will quote, "massive electoral fraud, irregularities and anomalies which pervaded the conduct of elections in 39,221 clustered precincts," am I correct?

ATTY. GARCIA:

Yes, Your Honor. That is correct, Your Honor, if I may explain, Your Honor.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

No. let me just ask the question. I just need to understand why on the same set of facts you are praying for annulment in three provinces and for the rest you are praying only for manual revision?

ATTY. GARCIA:

Yes, Your Honor. Thank you very much, Your Honor, for that question. As far as the protestant is concerned on the three provinces as mentioned, Basilan, Maguindanao and Lanao del Sur, during the period of presentation of evidence in relation to Rule 55 to 64 of the Rules of the Presidential Electoral tribunal, we will endeavor to prove that in these three provinces, Your Honors, there were mass feeding of the ballots substituted voters who voted during the election as compared to the other provinces, Your Honor. And we will try to prove in relation to the case of *Abayon v. HRET* that more than 51% of the votes involved in these three (3) provinces were actually prostituted in the sense that you cannot separate or segregate the valid ballots as against the invalid ballots or the valid votes as against the invalid votes, Your Honor. And that's why we are asking in relation to that case of *Abayon v. HRET* for the annulment of the results of the elections. We are not asking for a special election because the Supreme Court already distinguished the distinction between the annulment of election results and failure of election. We are asking for the exclusion for purposes of computing the over-all votes obtained by the parties in these three (3) provinces, Your Honor. It may really happen that the allegations as correctly pointed out

by the Honorable Justice are practically the same as far as the three provinces and cities are concerned, but however we would like to zero-in all these three provinces. We will not look into the ballots. We will not say, we are saying that the VCMs or the Vote Counting Machines did not function properly. What we are saying is, that people were not allowed to vote properly during the election in these three (3) provinces, Your Honor.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

I'd like to ask, what do you mean by properly?

ATTY. GARCIA:

Because the people were not even allowed to go to the precincts and cast their ballots, Your Honor, or vote, Your Honor.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

Okay. Just to capture what you're saying, it is your position that in all three (3) provinces, not a single voter was able to vote or cast his vote, is that what you're saying?

ATTY. GARCIA:

No, Your Honor. What we are saying is more than 51% of the voters in these three (3) provinces were not able to cast their votes, Your Honor.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

51%?

ATTY. GARCIA:

More than 51% because that is the requirement, Your Honor.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

Under *Abayon*?

ATTY. GARCIA:

Yes, Your Honor.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

Okay. And under *Abayon*, well, that will be discussed further by the Tribunal. Thank you.

ATTY. GARCIA:

Thank you very much, Your Honor.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

So here, just to be clear, as far as Basilan, Lanao del Sur and Maguindanao, you are questioning the integrity of the ballots themselves, that's why we don't need to manually recount or revise the ballots here?

ATTY. GARCIA:

No. Your Honor, we are, because if we question the ballots *per se*, Your Honor, that should be the subject of revision, recount and re-appreciation the ballots. We are questioning the failure of the people to vote, to cast their votes on election day, Your Honor.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

Exactly, therefore, we don't need to revise the ballots in these three (3) provinces, is that correct.

ATTY. GARCIA:

That is correct.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

And that also means that the nature of the evidence you will present will be the evidence *aliunde*, you will not be relying in any of these votes to prove, you will be relying mostly on testimonial evidence to show the terrorism and everything else that you've mentioned. Do I understand you correctly?

ATTY. GARCIA:

Yes, Your Honor, testimonial and more importantly documentary evidence, Your Honor.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

What documentary evidence are you referring to?

ATTY. GARCIA:

The voters registration record, Your Honor, and the election day computerized voters list, Your Honor. These are documents which are all in the possession of the election officers of the subject municipalities and provinces, Your Honor, which will definitely prove that the people were not the ones who voted during the election which will definitely prove that the people were deprived of their right to vote on election day.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

That's presently the matter of your pending motion, correct?

ATTY. GARCIA:

That is correct, Your Honor.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

Alright. I might as well ask this. Counsel for protestee says and based on what you are saying now, is that, what you are alleging is really failure of elections?

ATTY. GARCIA:

Your Honor...

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

Do you agree with that characterization by protestee?

ATTY. GARCIA:

Definitely not, Your Honor. If that is the case, Your Honor, that is a misunderstanding of the provision of Section 6 of the Omnibus Election Code on the failure of election. In fact, the Honorable Supreme Court, if I may be allowed to explain briefly, Your Honor. In the case of *Abayon v. HRET* already distinguished the difference between a failure of election and the declaration of the effects of the election, Your Honor. Because in the first place as far as failure of elections is concerned you are asking the Tribunal, the Commission or any other body, Your Honor, for a continuation of election which was stopped for holding of a special election. In the annulment of election results we are not asking for anything, Your Honor, except that these votes should be excluded as votes for the protestant and even for the protestee, Your Honor. Second, Your Honor, in annulment of election, or it is purely a function or a failure of election is purely a function of the Commission on Election under Section 6. Unlike an annulment of election results, Your Honor, it is actually a judicial function of the Presidential Electoral Tribunal. One, is an exercise of the administrative function by Comelec and the second one is the exercise of the judicial function of this Presidential Electoral Tribunal.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

Okay. So, understanding your, if I can call it a strategy, understanding your strategy, you focused on three (3) provinces and the net result that you want to achieve there is the deduction of all those votes?

ATTY. GARCIA:

Of the protestee and the protestant, Your Honor.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

Okay. And there is no issue of disenfranchisement as far as you are concerned?

ATTY. GARCIA:

The Supreme Court already said that as far as annulment of election results is concerned, because you cannot distinguished the valid votes as against the invalid votes and therefore it will naturally affect those which are valid simply because you cannot really segregate the two, Your Honor. And therefore...

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

On the assumption that you get to prove that 51%...?

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:

Alright. So, when we get later on to that portion I would just flash on the screen the proposals of the counter protestant and then ask whether you agree with those issues or stipulations

and the number of witnesses that they're...but for the record you are not presenting any evidence...

ATTY. GARCIA:
Aliunde, Your Honor.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:
Aliunde, correct?

ATTY. GARCIA:
That is correct, Your Honor.

JUSTICE CAGUIOA:
Alright. Chief I have no more preliminary questions. Maybe the other Justices would have clarificatory questions.

CHIEF JUSTICE SERENO:
Justice Leonen.

JUSTICE LEONEN:
Good afternoon.

ATTY. GARCIA:
Good afternoon, Your Honor.

JUSTICE LEONEN:
Is your First Cause of Action independent of the Second and the Third?

ATTY. GARCIA:
Yes, Your Honor.

JUSTICE LEONEN:
In other words, is the Second and the Third Causes of Action, that, is the resolution in the First Cause of Action not a condition precedent in order for us to move to the Second and the Third?

ATTY. GARCIA:
Yes, Your Honor, the three are independent with each other, Your Honor.

JUSTICE LEONEN:
And you insist that the First Cause of Action should be taken up by the Tribunal. Is there a way that you might want to withdraw the First Cause of Action so that we can proceed immediately only to the Second and the Third Cause of Action?

ATTY. GARCIA:
Your Honor, as far as this representation is concerned and as far as the protestant is concerned, we are not willing to give up the First Cause of Action, Your Honor. We are in fact asking, with

all due respect to the Honorable Tribunal, to proceed with the First Cause of Action simultaneously with the Second and Third, Your Honor.¹

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43. As shown above, protestant Marcos emphasized during the *Preliminary Conference* that his *three (3)* causes of action are **independent, distinct and separate** such that the dismissal of *one (1)* cause of action shall not affect the others. That is why the dismissal of protestant's First Cause of Action, which was ordered *motu proprio* by this Honorable Tribunal in its *Resolution* dated **29 August 2017, DID NOT AFFECT** his Second and Third Causes of Action.

44. With the dismissal of the First Cause of Action, the admissions, stipulations and issues in the *Preliminary Conference Order* were limited to the Second (*i.e., Judicial Revision and Recount*) and Third (*i.e., Annulment of election results*) causes of actions of the Protest and the Counter-Protest.

45. This Honorable Tribunal then proceeded with the Second Cause of Action starting with the retrieval of ballots from the pilot protested provinces of Camarines Sur, Iloilo and Negros Oriental. The revision of ballots in this case officially commenced on **2 April 2018** and was completed on **4 February 2019**.

46. Meanwhile, protestant Marcos filed a *Motion for Technical Examination* dated **10 July 2017** where he prayed for this Honorable Tribunal to immediately **DIRECT** the handwriting experts of the Commission on Elections (COMELEC) to **CONDUCT** the **TECHNICAL EXAMINATION** of the voters' signatures appearing on the Election Day Computerized Voter's List (EDCVL) as against the voters' signatures appearing on the Voters Registration Records (VRRs) in each of the **two thousand seven hundred fifty-six (2,756)** protested clustered precincts of *Lanao Del Sur, Maguindanao, and Basilan*. Sadly, this Honorable Tribunal deferred action on the requested technical examination in view of **Rule 65** of the **2010 PET Rules**.

¹ TSN dated 11 July 2017, p. 17-26.

47. In his *Partial Motion for Reconsideration [of the Resolution dated 29 August 2017]* which was filed on **15 September 2017**, protestant Marcos argued that the requested technical examination of the voters' signatures appearing on the EDCVLs and VRRs was limited to the provinces in his Third Cause of Action, which was **separate, distinct and independent from the pilot provinces subject of judicial revision and recount.**

48. Protestant Marcos also stressed that his Third Cause of Action – which is the annulment of election results for the position of Vice-President in the provinces of *Maguindanao, Lanao Del Sur* and *Basilan* on the ground of terrorism, intimidation and harassment of voters, pre-shading of ballots, and substitution of voters – is **necessarily excluded** from the coverage of both **Rule 46** and **Rule 65** of the **PET Rules** since the relief prayed for therein does not entail the judicial revision and recount of votes.

49. The express provisions of **Rule 46** and **Rule 65** would easily reveal that the technical examination contemplated by **Rule 46** of the **2010 PET Rules** and the designation of the pilot areas envisioned by **Rule 65** thereof **pertain to the Second Cause of Action given that these undertakings are associated with the judicial revision and recount of votes**, thus:

Rule 46. Motion for technical examination; contents. – Within five days after completion of the revision of votes, either party may move for a technical examination. Specifying:

- (a) The nature of the technical examination requested (e.g., the examination of the genuineness of the ballots or election returns, and others);
- (b) The documents to be subjected to technical examination;
- (c) The objections made in the course of the revision of votes which he intends to substantiate with the results of the technical examination; and
- (d) The ballots and election returns covered by such objections. (R43a)

Rule 65. Dismissal; when proper. – The Tribunal may require the protestant or counter-protestant to indicate, within a fixed period, the province or provinces numbering not more than three, best exemplifying the frauds or irregularities alleged in his petition; **and the revision of ballots and reception of evidence will begin with such provinces.** If upon examination of such ballots and proof, after making reasonable

allowances, the Tribunal is convinced that, taking all circumstances into account, the protestant or counter-protestant will most probably fail to make out his case, the protest may forthwith be dismissed, without further consideration of the other provinces mentioned in the protest.

The preceding paragraph shall also apply when the election protest involves correction of manifest errors. [Emphasis and underscoring supplied.]

50. In the *Resolution* dated **7 November 2017**, this Honorable Tribunal denied protestant's *Partial Motion for Reconsideration* and reiterated its previous ruling to defer the technical examination after the initial determination of the grounds of this Protest pursuant to **Rule 65** of the **2010 PET Rules**.

51. On **22 November 2018**, protestant Marcos was informed by former Sulu Vice-Governor Abdusakur Tan that the Voters Identification Division of the COMELEC-ERSD conducted a technical examination on the signatures and/or thumbprints appearing on the VRRs as against the EDVCLs pertaining to the provinces of Lanao Del Sur, Basilan and Maguindanao during the last 2016 elections.

52. According to former Sulu Vice-Governor Tan, the results of the technical examination conducted by the Voters Identification Division of the COMELEC-ERSD would reveal that there are **FORTY THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED TWENTY-EIGHT (40,528) SIGNATURES AND THREE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED NINETY-FIVE (3,295) THUMBPRINTS ON THE EDCVLs USED IN THE FIVE HUNDRED EIGHT (508) ESTABLISHED PRECINCTS OF THE PROVINCES LANA DEL SUR, BASILAN AND MAGUINDANAO DURING THE LAST 2016 ELECTIONS, WHICH ARE NOT IDENTICAL WITH THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE SIGNATURES AND/OR THUMBPRINTS OF THE REAL AND LEGITIMATE VOTERS AS REFLECTED ON THE RELEVANT VRRs IN THE SAID PROTESTED AREAS.** Consequently, the Voters Identification Division of the COMELEC-ERSD concluded that the **"2016 National, Local and ARMM Elections has (*sic*) been marked with different forms of election fraud such as massive substituted voting."**

53. This staggering latest development compelled protestant Marcos to file his *Extremely Urgent Manifestation of Grave Concern with Omnibus Motion* dated **10 December 2018** so that he can preserve and safeguard this vital documentary evidence, which is crucial in proving his third cause of action, that is the *annulment of the election results in the provinces of Lanao Del Sur, Basilan and Maguindanao due to widespread terrorism, violence, force, threats, force, intimidation, pre-shading of ballots, and substitution of voters thereat*.

54. Unfortunately, this Honorable Tribunal again resolved to defer action on the *Omnibus Motion* until after its initial determination of the grounds for the Protest under **Rule 65** of the **2010 PET Rules**.

55. The appreciation of the revised ballots from the pilot provinces started on **14 January 2019** and was completed on **14 August 2019**. The overall result of the revision and appreciation of ballots was contained in the 15 October 2019 *Resolution* of this Honorable Tribunal. The comments and/or opposition of protestant Marcos thereto were already comprehensively discussed in the first part of this *Memorandum*.

56. At this point, protestant Marcos shall now explain his position in relation to the Third Cause of Action, which is the Annulment of the Election Results for the position of Vice-President in each of the **two thousand seven hundred fifty-six (2,756)** protested clustered precincts in the provinces of Lanao Del Sur, Maguindanao and Basilan.

MAIN ISSUES (RELATIVE TO THE THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION)

57. There are two (2) principal issues related to the Third Cause of Action, thus:

- 1) Whether or not the results in the revision and appreciation of votes with respect to the Protestant's Second Cause of Action moots

or renders unnecessary the consideration of the Protestant's Third Cause of Action; and

- 2) Whether or not the Presidential Electoral Tribunal has the competence to resolve the Third Cause of Action.

58. These issues presented by this Honorable Tribunal in relation to the Third Cause of Action are **NOT** novel.

59. In fact, these issues were already resolved by the Honorable House of Representatives Electoral Tribunal (HRET) in the election protest case of Raul A. Daza ("Daza") against Harlin C. Abayon ("Abayon") docketed as **HRET Case No. 13-023** and by the Honorable Supreme Court in the 2016 case of ***Abayon v. HRET and Daza*** (G.R. No. 222236 and 223032, May 3, 2016).

ARGUMENTS AND DISCUSSION

I.

PROTESTANT'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION IS SEPARATE AND DISTINCT FROM THE SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION. THUS, DUE PROCESS DEMANDS THAT THE PROCEEDINGS FOR THE RECEPTION OF EVIDENCE IN SUPPORT THERETO MUST CONTINUE.

60. The enumeration of protestant's Causes of Action as reflected in the *Preliminary Conference Guide* readily shows that the annulment of election results in the provinces of Maguindanao, Lanao del Sur and Basilan on the ground of terrorism, intimidation and harassment of voters as well as pre-shading of ballots in the 2,756 protested clustered precincts is **separate and distinct** from the Second Cause of Action. As already demonstrated, the answers given by protestant's lead counsel Atty. George Erwin M. Garcia to Justice Caguioa's clarificatory questions were **unequivocal** on how mutually exclusive these **two (2)** causes of action are.

61. Indeed, the striking difference between the **two (2)** causes of action cannot be denied. The **Second** Cause of Action is anchored on the misappreciation in the counting of ballots which

require revision, appreciation and in the present case, re-appreciation thereof, while the **Third** Cause of Action is based on terrorism, intimidation and harassment of voters as well as pre-shading of ballots resulting to the illegality of ballots, and the impossibility to distinguish with reasonable certainty between the lawful and unlawful ballots, the extent of which is prescribed by law to warrant annulment of the results.

62. As shall be established below, protestant's Third Cause of Action cannot be mooted by the results of the preliminary appreciation of the ballots involved in the pilot precincts.

63. *First.* The ruling of the Honorable HRET persuades that a cause of action on the annulment of election results can stand on its own. In its Resolution No. 15-052 dated 24 September 2015, the Honorable HRET ruled that the dismissal of a protest under Rule 37 contemplates a situation where the protest alleges and prays for the recount and revision of ballots so that dismissal follows if no substantial recovery is made. A dismissal of the entire protest under this rule does not apply where a separate and distinct cause of action for annulment of election results in certain identified precincts on the ground of terrorism is pleaded both in the body and relief of the protest – as in this case. The protest can and must proceed independently of the result from the recount, revision and re-appreciation of ballots.

64. The Honorable HRET, in the same *Resolution*, even stressed that the Tribunal has long recognized that protestant's cause of action to annul the election results in the clustered precincts enumerated in the election protest is **distinct, separate and independent** from his other distinct cause of action which involves a recount and revision of the ballots cast in the clustered precincts also enumerated in the election protest.



Republic of the Philippines
House of Representatives Electoral Tribunal
Electoral Tribunal Building
Communist Park, Quezon City

NOTICE

Where take notice that in HRET Case No. 13-023 (EP), *Dein vs. Danilo C. Abayon (First District, Northern Samar)*, the Tribunal issued Resolution No. 13-052 dated September 24, 2015, which reads as follows:

On September 3, 2015, Petitioner's Urgent Manifestation and Oathsworn Petition (RT) August 1, 2015 Resolution No. 13-053; 1. To Expedite The Validity of Legitimacy of Petitioner's Separate, Distinct and Independent Cause of Action; 2. To Annulment of Election Results in Certain Identified Precincts On the Grounds Of Terrorism; 2. To Reiterate His Separated Requests For the Resumption of Hearing On The Said Cause of Action, Giving Petitioner 20 Days For His Reply; 3. To Annul, If Applicable, If Applicable; 2. To Withdraw His Other Separate, Distinct and Independent Cause of Action For The Recount, Revision and Re-appropriation Of Ballots in Certain Identified Precincts On The Grounds Of The Inherent Deficiency and Inadequacy Of The PCOS Machines) of even date was filed with the Tribunal, alleging, among others, the following:

In Resolution No. 13-053 dated August 3, 2015, the Tribunal, invoking Rule 37 of the 2011 Rules of the House of Representatives Electoral Tribunal (HRET), stated:

"Considering that revision, appropriation and reception of evidence in all the proffered clustered precincts had been completed in the instant case, with more reason that the determination of the merit or legitimacy is due. Should there be no reasonable recovery, the Tribunal may dismiss the protest without further proceedings. Otherwise, it would proceed with the remaining contested precincts. It is at this stage that revision and appropriation of ballots and reception of evidence for protestee's defense, as well as counterclaim and counter protest could be conducted;"

The dismissal of a protest under Rule 37 contemplates a situation where the protest alleges and prays for the recount and revision of ballots so that dismissal follows if no substantial recovery is made. A dismissal of the undue protest under this rule does not apply where a separate and distinct cause of

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action for the annulment of election results in certain identified precincts on the ground of terrorism is pleaded both in the denial and relief of the protest as in the present case. The protest can and must proceed independently of the result from recount, revision and re-appreciation of ballots.

The Tribunal has long recognized that protestant's cause of action to annul the election results in the clustered precincts enumerated in the election protest is distinct, separate and independent from another distinct cause of action which involves a recount and revision of the ballots cast in the clustered precincts also enumerated in the election protest and

Considering that the present term of office of congressman is fast drawing to an end on June 30, 2016, which is just less than ten (10) months away, protestant hereby withdraws his distinct, separate and independent cause of action for the recount, revision and re-appreciation of the ballots in the clustered precincts identified in the election protest, but he will proceed and continue with his other distinct, separate and independent cause of action for the annulment of election results in the other clustered precincts also identified in the election protest. That the Tribunal may authorize and adopt such course of action is impermissible because it had been ruled in Resolution No. 15-013 dated February 23, 2015:

"As regards the alleged absence of jurisdiction of the Tribunal over a protest for nullification of the results of elections, now, the Tribunal reiterates its ruling in Resolution No. 14-055 dated February 17, 2014:

"xxx[After the election and proclamation of the winning candidate, his or her right to office may only be questioned on the ground of vote-buying, terrorism, over-spending, or commission of prohibited acts defined in the election laws, through an election protest, which falls within the exclusive jurisdiction of this Tribunal under Section 17, Article VI of the 1987 Constitution."

Therefore, the Order dated June 26, 2014 reads:

"xxx[The annulment of elections/failure of elections which falls under the jurisdiction of the COMELEC is therefore, separate and distinct from the annulment of elections which the Tribunal has the authority to declare whenever substantiated by clear and convincing evidence in election protest pending before it."

A certified true copy of **HRET Resolution No. 15-052** dated **24 September 2015** is herein attached and made an integral part of this Memorandum as **Annex "B"**.

65. Just like the present Marcos protest, the election protest filed by Daza against Abayon for the position of Member of the House of Representatives for the First Legislative District of the Province of Northern Samar was grounded on two (2) causes of action: first, manual recount of the ballots in selected protested precincts in the Municipalities of Biri, Capul and San Isidro; and second, annulment of the results of the elections for the contested position of Member of the House of Representatives in the selected protested precincts in the Municipalities of Lavezares, Catarman and Victoria, thus:

PROTESTED PRECINCTS

11. Protestant is contesting the election results in all the contested Twenty Five (25) clustered precincts in the six (6) municipalities of Lavezares, Catarman, Victoria, Biri, Capul and San Isidro in the First (1st) Legislative District, Province of Northern Samar, as reflected in the Project of Precincts for the 13 May 2013 National and Local Elections. Certified true copies of the Project of Precincts for the six (6) municipalities in the First (1st) Legislative District of the Province of Northern Samar are hereto attached as Annexes "Q" to "V", respectively and made integral parts hereof.

12. In order to achieve a faithful and accurate determination of the true will of the electorate, this Honorable Tribunal must not only order a manual recount of the ballots, including the rejected ones, but also annul the results of the elections in the eight (8) barangays from the Municipalities of Lavezares, Catarman and Victoria as shown by the table hereinbelow:

MUNICIPALITY	BARANGAY	INDIVIDUAL PRECINCT NUMBER	CLUSTERED PRECINCT NUMBER
LAVEZARES	Dateg	0027A, 0027B	10
	Salvacion	0049A, 0050A	19
	Tiog	0051A, 0051B, 0052A	25
	Chansvilla	0026A	9
CATARMAN	Mabini	0154A, 0154B, 0155A, 0155B, 0156A, 0156B	55

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VICTORIA	Buenasuerte	0015A, 0016B, 0017A	3
	Luisita	0035A, 0036A	13
	Lungis	0037A, 0037B, 0038A	14

13. As will be discussed hereunder, protestant would have won decisively by a large margin had he not felt victim to the inherent weakness or inadequacy of the Precinct Count Optical Scan (PCOS) machines in the contested sixteen (16) barangays in the Municipalities of Biri, Capul and San Isidro, as shown by the table hereinbelow:


MUNICIPALITY	BARANGAY	INDIVIDUAL PRECINCT NUMBER	CLUSTERED PRECINCT NUMBER
BIRI	Poblacion (Biri)	0001A, 0001B, 0002A, 0002B	1
	Poblacion (Biri)	0003A, 0005A, 0005C	2
	Poblacion (Biri)	0004A, 0004B, 0005A, 0005B	3
	Macarthur	0009A, 0009B	4
	Kalewagan (Borac)	0007A, 0008A, 0008B	5
	Pio Del Pilar	0010A, 0010B	6
	Pio Del Pilar	0011A, 0011B	7
		0012A, 0012B,	8
	Progreso	0012A	
		0014A, 0014B, 0014C	9
	San Antonio	0015A, 0015A, 0017A	10
		0018A, 0019A, 0019B	11
	San Pedro	0020A	12
	San Pedro	0021A, 0021B, 0022A	13
CAPUL	Santo Niño	0023A, 0023B, 0024A	14
	Santo Niño	0024A	
CAPUL	Poblacion	0011A, 0012A,	3

	Barangay 5	0013A, 0014A, 0015A	
	Poblation Barangay 5	0016A, 0016B, 0017A, 0018A, 0019A	6
SAN ISIDRO	Ballots	0017A, 0017B, 0018A, 0018B, 0019A, 0019B	17

INHERENT WEAKNESS
AND INADEQUACY OF THE
PCOS MACHINES.

14. In Clustered Precinct No. 7 in Barangay Balite, Municipality of San Isidro, protestant received a minimum of Three Hundred Seventy Two (372) votes while protestee allegedly received One Hundred Ninety Eight (198) votes for a total of Five Hundred Seventy (570) votes from Six Hundred Eighty Four (684) valid ballots counted by the PCOS machine.

14.1. Thus, there were One Hundred Fourteen (114) votes for Representative cast by voters which were not counted by the PCOS machine in the said clustered precinct. Had those votes been counted, protestant would have obtained more votes and emerged as the winning candidate for Member, House of Representatives in the First (1st) District of Northern Samar. A copy of the Election Returns for the said clustered precinct is hereto attached as Annex "W" and made an integral part hereof.



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15. Further, in Clustered Precinct Nos. 5 and 6 in Poblacion Barangay 5, Municipality of Capul, at least Two Hundred (200) valid ballots were rejected by the PCOS machine and/or were not accurately read, and these contained votes for protestant. Had this not occurred, protestant would have gained more votes and emerged as the winning candidate for Member, House of Representatives, in the First (1st) Legislative District of Northern Samar. This, considering the very slim presumptive overall margin of only Fifty Two (52) votes enjoyed by protestee.

16. Finally, in the entire Municipality of Biri, at least Seven Hundred Thirty Eight (738) valid ballots were rejected by the PCOS machine and/or were not accurately read, and these contained votes for protestant. Had these anomalies not occurred, protestant would have gained more votes and emerged as the winning candidate for Member, House of Representatives in the First (1st) Legislative District of Northern Samar. This, considering the very slim presumptive overall margin of only Fifty Two (52) votes enjoyed by protestee.

16.1. The Statement of Votes by Municipality and by Precinct of Biri shows that protestant received a minimum of Two Thousand Seven Hundred Sixty Three (2,673) votes while protestee received Two Thousand Two Hundred Nine (2,200) votes.

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16.2. However, out of the Six Thousand Six Hundred Ninety Four (6,694) registered voters, a total of Five Thousand Seven Hundred Ten (5,710) voters actually cast their votes.

16.3. Noteworthy is that only a total Four Thousand Nine Hundred Seventy Two (4,972) votes were received by both protestant and protestee combined so that Seven Hundred Thirty Eight (738) ballots/votes were not counted, of which a significant number were votes for protestant considering that Biri was one of his strong balliwicks. These votes would have been enough to make protestant the winner of the last elections. This, considering the very slim overall margin of only Fifty Two (52) votes enjoyed by protestee.

16.4. Due to the inherent weakness or inadequacy of the PCOS, legitimate votes for protestant were not read by the PCOS machines and became stray. The PCOS machines were simply not designed or equipped to read votes for protestant in cases of inadvertent double shading, insufficient shading or shading outside the oval for protestant.

17. Thus, in the above-mentioned clustered precincts of San Isidro, Capul and Biri, protestant was unduly prejudiced and protestee unduly benefitted.

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TERRORISM BY NEW
PEOPLE'S ARMY (NPA)
ARMED PARTISANS.

18. The elections are an expression of the free will of the sovereign people in choosing whom they want to govern and represent them. However, in the recently concluded elections in the First (1st) Legislative District of Northern Samar, this constitutionally guaranteed right of the people was unduly denied them.

19. Prior to the 13 May 2013 National and Local Elections in the First (1st) Legislative District of Northern Samar, the National Democratic Front (NDF), whose armed wing is the New People's Army (NPA) had already shown its animosity and hostility towards protestant, setting the stage for the NPA armed partisans to employ threats, intimidation and terrorism in the contested precincts of Catarman, Lavezares and Victoria.

20. As early as November 2012, the National Democratic Front-Eastern Visayas (NDF-EV) posted a statement in their website (<http://www.ndfep.net/joomla5/index.php>) declaring protestant and his son, Governor Paul Daza as "enemies of the people of Northern Samar". A printed copy of the NDF-EV Statement is hereto attached as Annex "X" and made an integral part hereof.

20.1. In their statement, the NDF-EV falsely accused protestant for alleged "*reign of greed and terror*" in the Province of Northern Samar.

20.2. In the contested and other barangays of the First (1st) Legislative District of Northern Samar, the NDF and its collaborators distributed copies of a comic magazine entitled "Si Juan Sumoroy", which unjustly and baselessly vilified protestant and his son, Governor Paul Daza. The narrator in the comics magazine was the well-known NPA Commander - Jherix, a publicly known and ardent supporter of protestant. A copy of the comics magazine is hereto attached as Annex "1" and made an integral part hereof.

21. The active and systematic terrorism, intimidation and threats by the NPA armed partisans included, among others: the holding by them of pulang-bulongs in the protested and other barangays in the last week of April 2013, where they exhorted the voters into voting against protestant and his son, Governor Paul Daza, threatening them with physical harm if they did not follow the former's biddings; and during the first week of May 2013, the NPA armed partisans visited the homes of known Liberal Party leaders and supporters, again threatening them with physical harm if they voted for protestant and his son, Governor Paul Daza.

22. The results of the elections in these barangays show that these members of the NPA armed partisan were successful in their above-described terrorist acts:

MUNICIPALITY OF CATARMAN			
Barangay	Precinct Number	DAZA	ABAYON
Mabini	0154A, 0154B, 0155A,		
	0155B, 0156A, 0156B	172	283
MUNICIPALITY OF LAVEZARES			
Barangay	Precinct Number	DAZA	ABAYON
Tocog	0061A, 0061B, 0062A	85	188
	0049A, 0050A		
Salvacion		53	224
Dateg	0027A, 0027B	46	143
	0025A		
Chansvilip		14	108
MUNICIPALITY OF VICTORIA			
Barangay	Precinct Number	DAZA	ABAYON
Buenasuerte	0016A, 0016B, 0017A	101	209
Lu'sica	0035A, 0036A	87	184
Lungib	0037A, 0037B, 0038A	169	181

23. Protestant heavily lost in those contested clustered precincts, which were traditionally his bailiwicks. Had not the NPA armed partisans, terrorized, threatened and intimidated the voters there with physical harm, protestant would have readily won the recently concluded elections.

24. Thus, the results of the election for Member, House of Representatives, in the protested clustered precincts in Catarmán, Lavezares and Victoria should be annulled as they were inextricably tainted by fear of bodily harm from the terroristic threats and intimidation by the NPA armed partisans, which effectively subverted and frustrated the free will of at least a majority, if not a most all of the voters, in the contested clustered

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precincts. The purported results of the elections in these barangays do not reflect the true will of the electorate.


COMMON ALLEGATIONS AND CONSIDERATIONS

25. These electoral malpractices, anomalies and irregularities unjustly leaned to the prejudice of protestant and unduly benefitted protestee as protestant was unlawfully deprived of hundreds, if not thousands, of votes in his favor.

26. Hence, protestant should be credited with more votes than what was counted and canvassed in his favor while protestee deducted with equivalent votes from those counted and canvassed in his favor. Revision, recount and appreciation of all ballots, including the ballots rejected by the PCOS machines and the votes for Representative not counted by the machine are indispensable to ascertain the true and legitimate votes of protestant and protestee.

27. Further, for the same reasons and considerations described above, protestee's proclamation by the Provincial Board of Canvassers of Northern Samar was illegal and void ab initio.

28. Moreover, for the same reasons and considerations above described, protestant was the clear winner and protestee the inevitable loser in the election for Representative of the First (1st) Legislative District of Northern Samar in the 13 May 2013 National and Local Elections.


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A certified true copy of Daza's **Election Protest dated 31 May 2013** is herein attached and made an integral part of this Memorandum as **Annex "C"**.

67. The existence of Daza's **two (2)** causes of action for his Election Protest was affirmed by the Honorable HRET in its *Preliminary Conference Order* dated **11 June 2014**, a certified true copy of which is herein attached and made an integral part of this Memorandum as **Annex "D"**.

68. At this point, it is pertinent to note that **Rule 37** of the **2011 HRET Rules**, which is the same rule that was mentioned in **HRET Resolution No. 15-052** dated **24 September 2015**, provides for the Post-Revision Determination of the Merit or Legitimacy of Protest Prior to Revision of Counter-Protest, as follows:

RULE 37. *Post-Revision Determination of the Merit or Legitimacy of Protest Prior to Revision of Counter-Protest; Pilot Precincts; Initial Revision.* – Any provision of these Rules to the contrary notwithstanding, as soon as the issues in any contest before the Tribunal have been joined, the Protestant, in case the protest involves more than 50% of the total number of precincts in the district, shall be required to the state and designate in writing within a fixed period at most twenty five (25%) percent of the total number of precincts involved in the protest which said party deems as best exemplifying or demonstrating the electoral irregularities or fraud pleaded by him; and the revision of the ballots or the examination, verification or re-tabulation of election returns and/or reception of evidence shall begin with such pilot precincts designated. Otherwise, the revision of ballots or the examination, verification of re-tabulation of election returns and/or reception of evidence shall begin with all the protested precincts. The revision of ballots or the examination, verification of re-tabulation of election returns in the counter-protested precincts shall not be commenced until the Tribunal shall have determined through appreciation of ballots or election documents and/or reception of evidence, which reception shall not exceed ten (10) days, the merit or legitimacy of the protest, relative to the pilot protested precincts. Based on the results of such post – revision determination, the Tribunal may dismiss the protest without further proceedings, if and when no reasonable recovery was established from the pilot protested precincts, or proceed with the revision of the ballots or the examination, verification or re-tabulation of election returns in the remaining contested precincts.

69. The counterpart provision of **Rule 37** of the **2011 HRET Rules** in cases cognizable by this Honorable Tribunal is found in **Rule 65** of the **2010 PET Rules**, thus:

Rule 65. Dismissal, when proper - The Tribunal may require the protestant or counter-protestant to indicate, within a fixed period, the province or provinces numbering not more than three best exemplifying the frauds or irregularities alleged in his petition and the revision of ballots and reception of evidence will begin with such provinces. If upon examination of such ballots and proof and after making reasonable allowances, the Tribunal is convinced that, taking all circumstances into account, the protestant or counter-protestant will most probably fail to make out his case, the protest may forthwith be dismissed, without further consideration of the other provinces mentioned in the protest.

The preceding paragraph shall also apply when the election protest involves correction of manifest errors. (R63)

70. As discussed by the Honorable HRET in its **Resolution No. 15-052** dated **24 September 2015**, the dismissal of a protest under **Rule 37** contemplates a situation where the protest alleges and prays for the recount and revision of ballots so that dismissal follows if no substantial recovery is made. **A dismissal of the entire protest under this rule does not apply where a separate and distinct cause of action for annulment of election results in certain identified precincts on the ground of terrorism is pleaded both in the body and relief of the protest – as in this case. The protest can and must proceed independently of the result from the recount, revision and re-appreciation of ballots.**

71. With all due respect, this Honorable Tribunal should be guided by the pronouncement of the Honorable HRET with regard to the application of its counterpart provision on the post-revision determination of the merit or legitimacy of the protest.

72. The dismissal of the entire protest under **Rule 65** of the **2010 PET Rules** will only apply if the cause of action of the protestant is limited to the judicial recount and revision of ballots. However, if the election protest was grounded on another cause of action, such as the annulment of election results, which is separate and distinct from revision and recount, then the **protest can and must proceed independently of the result from the recount, revision and re-appreciation of ballots.**

73. In fact, in the election protest case of Daza docketed as **HRET Case No. 13-023**, the protestant was allowed to **WITHDRAW HIS OTHER SEPARATE, DISTINCT AND INDEPENDENT CAUSE OF ACTION FOR THE RECOUNT, REVISION AND RE-APPRECIATION OF THE BALLOTS** even though the recount, revision and re-appreciation of ballots were already completed. Moreover, Daza in **HRET Case No. 13-023** was further allowed to move for the **DISMISSAL of Abayon's COUNTER-PROTEST** in view of the withdrawal of his cause of action for the recount, revision and re-appreciation of ballots.

Certified true copies of Daza's *Urgent Manifestation and Omnibus Motion (Re: August 3, 2015 Resolution No. 15-033)* dated **3 September 2015**; *Urgent Manifestation and Motion (Re: On the Issue of Revision of Ballots of Counter-Protested Precincts)* dated **4 November 2015**; *HRET Resolution No. 15-058* dated **14 December 2015**; and *HRET Resolution No. 16-004* dated **21 January 2016** are herein attached and made integral parts of this Memorandum as **Annexes "E" to "H"**.

74. Based on the foregoing, it is crystal clear that the results in the revision and appreciation of votes with respect to the protestant's Second Cause of Action will **NOT RENDER** moot or unnecessary the consideration of the Third Cause of Action of protestant Marcos. On the contrary, since the Third Cause of Action for the annulment of the election results is a separate, distinct and independent cause of action, the same **can and must proceed independently of the result from the recount, revision and re-appreciation of ballots.**

75. *Second.* **The results in the appreciation of the ballots in the pilot precincts are not mathematically insurmountable as to render the Third Cause of Action moot and academic.** It is clear that in the **Third** Cause of Action, protestant seeks the annulment of the election results in the **two thousand seven hundred fifty-six (2,756)** protested clustered precincts of *Lanao Del Sur, Maguindanao, and Basilan* on the ground of terrorism, force, violence, threats and intimidation which facilitated the batch-feeding of pre-shaded ballots in favor of protestee Robredo in these provinces.

76. As demonstrated in the Table below, protestee Robredo’s **FOUR HUNDRED SEVENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FIVE (477,985)** votes in the provinces of Lanao Del Sur, Maguindanao and Basilan are subject of nullification pursuant to protestant’s Third Cause of Action.

Protested Areas	VOTES SUBJECT OF ANNULMENT	
	Marcos	Robredo
1. Lanao del Sur	56,243	180,539
2. Maguindanao	80,591	220,125
3. Basilan	32,326	77,321
Total	169,160	477,985

77. At this juncture, it must be recalled that the presumptive winning margin of protestee Robredo against protestee Marcos is only **TWO HUNDRED SIXTY-THREE THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED SEVENTY-THREE (263,473)** votes. Consequently, if the annulment of election results in the provinces of Lanao Del Sur, Maguindanao and Basilan prospers, protestant Marcos will easily surpass protestee’s over-all vote margin since protestee Robredo stands to lose **FOUR HUNDRED SEVENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FIVE (477,985)** votes pursuant to the Third Cause of Action.

78. Protestant maintains that the results of the appreciation of ballots in the pilot precincts are only preliminary in nature considering the flagrant inconsistencies and patent errors in the conduct thereof as shown above.

79. *Third.* **Protestant’s right to prove and establish his Third Cause of Action is substantive in nature and the denial of the same will impair his right to due process.** The jurisdiction of the Honorable Tribunal as the sole judge of all contests relating to election, returns and qualifications of the President or Vice-President is constitutionally rooted (*Section IV, Article VIII, 1987 Constitution*). As such, its power to decide election contests embodies the determination of the validity or nullity of the votes questioned by either of the contestants, thereby necessarily including

endowment of relief for the annulment of election results within the precepts of law (*Abayon v. HRET*, see *City Board of Canvassers vs. Moscoso*, L-16365, September 30, 1963, *Borromeo v. COMELEC*, G.R. No. L-29369, July 24, 1969).

80. In the present case, the set of facts giving rise to protestant's **Third** Cause of Action was pleaded and alleged with **particularity and sufficiency** in his *Protest*. In fact, since the same was reflected in the *Preliminary Conference Guide*, it is evident that this Honorable Tribunal took cognizance of the same.

81. There can be no doubt that protestant has the substantive right to seek relief for the annulment of election results from this Honorable Tribunal. To reiterate, such right is constitutionally imbedded and hence, should be recognized by this Honorable Tribunal.

82. While it has been demonstrated that the **Third** Cause of Action is **separate and distinct** from the **Second** Cause of Action and can in fact stand on its own and that the numbers are in protestant's favor, equally significant is the inevitable fact that protestant is entitled as a matter of **substantive** right to prove his **Third** Cause of Action.

83. The Supreme Court has adopted the following definitions of substantive law and right (*Bustos vs. Lucero*,* (46 Off. Gaz., January Supp., pp. 445, 448; G.R. No. 2068; 20 October 1948), to wit:

"Substantive law creates substantive rights and the two terms in this respect may be said to be synonymous. Substantive rights in a term which includes those rights which one enjoys under the legal system prior to the disturbance of normal relations. (60 C.J. 980.)

Substantive law is that part of the law which creates, defines and regulates rights, or which regulates the right and duties which give rise to a cause of action; that part of the law which courts are established to administer; as opposed to adjective or remedial law, which prescribes the method of enforcing rights or obtain redress for their invasions (36 C.J. 27; 52 C.J.S. 1026)."

84. Considering that "a substantive law creates, defines or regulates rights concerning life, liberty or property, or the powers of agencies or instrumentalities for the administration of public affairs, whereas rules of procedure are provisions prescribing the method by

which substantive rights may be enforced in courts of justice" (Moran, Comments on the Rules of Court, Vol. I, 1963 ed., p.79 citing 36 C.J. 963; *Primicias v. Ocampo*, 49 O.G. 2230.), it is most respectfully posited that Protestant's right to be heard on his Third Cause of Action should not be barred by Rule 65 which is adjective in nature. Hence, it is strongly submitted that Rule 65 could not have been couched to diminish protestant's substantive right. To rule otherwise would impair his substantive right and his right to due process.

II.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORAL TRIBUNAL HAS COMPETENCE TO RESOLVE PROTESTANT MARCOS' THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION.

85. The Supreme Court, in the case of *Abayon v. HRET and Daza* has consistently ruled that **electoral tribunals, having the exclusive jurisdiction to decide all election contests, have the sole prerogative to annul elections.**

86. The Supreme Court further explained that the Constitutional duty of electoral tribunals to decide election contests necessarily includes those which raise the issue of fraud, terrorism or other irregularities committed before, during or after the elections. Necessarily therefore, electoral tribunals shall be the sole judge of all contests relating to the "election, returns and qualifications" of members over which it has jurisdiction.

87. The Supreme Court defined the phrase "election, returns and qualifications" in its totality as "referring to all matters affecting the validity of the contestee's title." The Supreme Court concluded that if in the electoral tribunal's determination, fraud, terrorism or other electoral irregularities existed to warrant the annulment of the elections, it may annul the election results. Thus:

The Court agrees that the power of the HRET to annul elections differ from the power granted to the COMELEC to declare failure of elections. The Constitution no less, grants the HRET with exclusive jurisdiction to decide all election contests involving the members of the House of Representatives, which necessarily includes those which raise the issue of fraud, terrorism or other irregularities committed before, during or after the elections. To deprive the HRET the prerogative to annul elections would

undermine its constitutional fiat to decide election contests. The phrase "election, returns and qualifications" should be interpreted in its totality as referring to all matters affecting the validity of the contestee's title.

Consequently, the annulment of election results is but a power concomitant to the HRET's constitutional mandate to determine the validity of the contestee's title.

The power granted to the HRET by the Constitution is intended to be as complete and unimpaired as if it had remained originally in the legislature.²⁸ Thus, the HRET, as the sole judge of all contests relating to the election, returns and qualifications of members of the House of Representatives, may annul election results if in its determination, fraud, terrorism or other electoral irregularities existed to warrant the annulment. Because in doing so, it is merely exercising its constitutional duty to ascertain who among the candidates received the majority of the valid votes cast.

To the Court's mind, the HRET had jurisdiction to determine whether there was terrorism in the contested precincts. In the event that the HRET would conclude that terrorism indeed existed in the said precincts, then it could annul the election results in the said precincts to the extent of deducting the votes received by Daza and Abayon in order to remain faithful to its constitutional mandate to determine who among the candidates received the majority of the valid votes cast.

Moreover, the passage of R.A. No. 7166 cannot deprive the HRET of its incidental power to annul elections in the exercise of its sole and exclusive authority conferred by no less than the Constitution. It must be remembered that the COMELEC exercises quasi-judicial, quasi-legislative and administrative functions. In *Bedol v. COMELEC*, the Court expounded, to wit:

The powers and functions of the COMELEC, conferred upon it by the 1987 Constitution and the Omnibus Election Code, may be classified into administrative, quasi-legislative, and quasi-judicial.

The quasi-judicial power of the COMELEC embraces the power to resolve controversies arising from the enforcement of election laws, and to be the sole judge of all pre-proclamation controversies; and of all contests relating to the elections, returns, and qualifications. Its quasi-legislative power refers to the issuance of rules and regulations to implement the election laws and to exercise such legislative functions as may expressly be delegated to it by Congress. Its administrative function refers to the enforcement and administration of election laws. In the exercise of such power, the Constitution (Section 6, Article IX-A) and the Omnibus

Election Code (Section 52 [c]) authorize the COMELEC to issue rules and regulations to implement the provisions of the 1987 Constitution and the Omnibus Election Code.

The quasi-judicial or administrative adjudicatory power is the power to hear and determine questions of fact to which the legislative policy is to apply, and to decide in accordance with the standards laid down by the law itself in enforcing and administering the same law. [Emphases Supplied]

Thus, the COMELEC exercises its quasi-judicial function when it decides election contests not otherwise reserved to other electoral tribunals by the Constitution. The COMELEC, however, does not exercise its quasi-judicial functions when it declares a failure of elections pursuant to R.A. No. 7166. Rather, the COMELEC performs its administrative function when it exercises such power.

88. In view of the foregoing, the competence of this Honorable Tribunal to resolve the Third Cause of Action is **UNQUESTIONABLE**.

89. The ruling in *Abayon v. HRET and Daza* which was penned by retired Honorable Supreme Court Associate Justice Jose Catral Mendoza, was concurred in by Honorable Supreme Court Associate Justice Estela M. Perlas-Bernabe, Honorable Supreme Court Associate Justice Marvic Mario Victor F. Leonen and Honorable Supreme Court Associate Justice Alfredo Benjamin S. Caguioa, among others. Honorable Supreme Court Chief Justice Diosdado M. Peralta did not take part because he was a Member of the HRET which decided **HRET Case No. 13-023**.

90. Incidentally, the respective counsels for Daza and Abayon are also the counsels for the protestant and protestee in this case. Daza, who was the protestant in **HRET Case No. 13-023** was represented at that time by **MAGNO SARDILLO AGUILAR LITONJUA LAW OFFICES**, who is now a collaborating counsel for the protestee. On the other hand, Abayon, who was the protestee in that case, was represented then by **Atty. George Erwin M. Garcia**, who is now the lead counsel for protestant Marcos.

91. At this point, protestant Marcos shall now proceed to discuss the other issues and concerns of this Honorable Tribunal with regard to the Third Cause of Action.

OTHER ISSUES
(RELATIVE TO THE THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION)

I.

ASSUMING THAT THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORAL TRIBUNAL HAS THE COMPETENCE TO RESOLVE THE THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION WHICH IS NOT MOOTED BY THE RESULTS OF TRIBUNAL'S FINDINGS WITH RESPECT TO THE SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION:

- 1) What are the filing rules and requirements that a party must observe if he or she seeks the relief of annulment of elections before the Presidential Electoral Tribunal?
- 2) What is the threshold of evidence that is required to prove failure or annulment of elections?
- 3) Will evidence other than those listed by the parties during the preliminary conference be considered?
- 4) What percentage of votes/precincts needs to be proven as having been affected by the grounds for failure or annulment of elections?
- 5) Will the threshold apply per province or to all three (3) provinces? Can there be failure or annulment in some but not all three (3) provinces?
- 6) Should a similar pilot testing rule be equally applied in annulment of election cases?

II.

ASSUMING THAT THE TRIBUNAL IS CONVINCED THAT THERE IS BASIS TO FIND FOR THE PROTESTANT IN THE THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION:

- 1) Will this mean that the elections for all the elective positions in the ballot be nullified with all its attendant legal consequences?
- 2) Can our declaration as the Presidential Electoral Tribunal or the Supreme Court be a bar for any question relative to any present and future electoral protest involving the same area and for any position?
- 3) Will it be necessary to call for special elections for the position of Vice President? If so, who has the competence to call for such elections?
- 4) Will this mean "recovery" for the Protestant under Rule 65, which will, in turn, mean revision of all his contested precincts nationwide?
- 5) What will be the effect of our ruling on Protestant's Third Cause of Action on protestee's counter protest?

DISCUSSION

I.

92. After the determination that, indeed, the Presidential Electoral Tribunal has competence to decide protestant's Third Cause of Action, the first issue to be addressed is as to the filing rules and requirements that a party must observe if he or she seeks the relief of annulment of elections before the Presidential Electoral Tribunal. It is respectfully submitted that the prevailing filing rules and requirements for the institution of an election protest shall govern as it sufficiently covers the cause of action for annulment of elections.

93. As to the threshold of evidence that is required to prove failure or annulment of elections, it is submitted that the ruling in the case of ***Abayon v. HRET and Daza*** is instructive on this matter, thus:

It must be remembered that "[t]he power to declare a failure of elections should be exercised with utmost care and only under circumstances which demonstrate beyond doubt that the disregard

of the law had been so fundamental or so persistent and continuous that it is impossible to distinguish what votes are lawful and what are unlawful, or to arrive at any certain result whatsoever, or that the great body of the voters have been prevented by violence, intimidation and threats from exercising their franchise." Consequently, a protestant alleging terrorism in an election protest must establish by clear and convincing evidence that the will of the majority has been muted by "violence, intimidation or threats.

xxx xxx xxx

There are two (2) indispensable requisites that must concur in order to justify the drastic action of nullifying the election:

(1) The illegality of the ballots must affect more than fifty percent (50%) of the votes cast on the specific precinct or precincts sought to be annulled, or in case of the entire municipality, more than fifty percent (50%) of its total precincts and the votes cast therein; and

(2) It is impossible to distinguish with reasonable certainty between the lawful and unlawful ballots. xxx

94. As for the consideration of evidence other than those listed by the parties during the preliminary conference, the same should be allowed if the additional evidence (documentary or testimonial) was discovered as a consequence of the conduct of the technical examination, since that proceeding was undertaken after the conduct of the preliminary conference.

95. As to the percentage of votes/precincts that needs to be proven as having been affected by the grounds for failure or annulment of elections, the above discussion in *Abayon v. HRET and Daza*, shall find application, to wit:

xxx xxx xxx

There are two (2) indispensable requisites that must concur in order to justify the drastic action of nullifying the election:

(1) The illegality of the ballots must affect more than fifty percent (50%) of the votes cast on the specific precinct or precincts sought to be annulled, or in case of the entire municipality, more than fifty percent (50%) of its total precincts and the votes cast therein; and

(2) It is impossible to distinguish with reasonable certainty between the lawful and unlawful ballots. xxx

96. As to whether the threshold will apply per province or to all **three (3)** provinces, it can be inferred from the ruling in the case of ***Abayon v. HRET and Daza*** that if the annulment of the election results involves an entire province, the threshold in case of annulment of the election results covering an entire municipality should apply, *i.e.*, the illegality of the ballots must affect more than fifty percent (50%) of the total precincts of the municipality or province concerned.

97. As to whether there can be failure or annulment in some but not all **three (3)** provinces, the answer will depend on whether there is compliance with the threshold of evidence that is required to prove failure or annulment of elections and the percentage of votes/precincts that needs to be proven as having been affected by the grounds for failure or annulment of elections. If there is compliance for **ALL** the **three (3)** provinces then the elections results for the position of Vice-President in these 3 provinces shall be annulled.

98. As to whether a similar pilot testing rule be equally applied in annulment of election cases, the answer is **NO**. **Pilot testing is only applicable if the cause of action involves the judicial revision and recount of ballots.** No pilot testing is necessary in annulment of election results given that the evidence to be presented consists of evidence *aliunde* and the result of the technical examination.

II.

99. Assuming that this Honorable Tribunal is convinced that there is basis to find for protestant Marcos in the **Third** Cause of Action, the first issue raised is whether the elections for all the elective positions in the ballot will be nullified with all its attendant legal consequences. To address this again, the case of ***Abayon v. HRET and Daza*** is instructive. In the said case, the Supreme Court explained that the proposition of an Election Protest is for the ouster of the winning candidate from office, and that it is "strictly a contest between the defeated and the winning candidates, based on the grounds of electoral frauds or irregularities", and that its aim is to determine who between them has actually obtained the majority of the legal votes cast and, therefore, entitled to hold the office. According to the Honorable

Supreme Court, electoral tribunals only annul the election results connected with the election contest before it as opposed to the declaration of failure of elections by the COMELEC which relates to the entire election in the concerned precinct or political unit. As such, in annulling elections, the HRET or in this case, the PET, does so only to determine who among the candidates garnered a majority of the legal votes cast.

100. As to whether the Honorable Tribunal's declaration as the Presidential Electoral Tribunal or the Supreme Court be a bar for any question relative to any present and future electoral protest involving the same area and for any position, the answer will depend on whether the factual circumstances are analogous to the election protest of Marcos and Abayon. The application shall therefore be on a case-to-case basis taking into account the identity of the factual antecedents and cause/s of action raised by the protestant.

101. As to the necessity of calling for special elections for the position of Vice-President, and the competence to call for such elections, it is submitted that there is no necessity to call for special elections for the position of Vice-President. To note, in an annulment of election results, the compliance with the required threshold of evidence and percentage of votes/precincts to prove failure or annulment of elections shall result in the nullification of the votes received by the protestant and protestee in the concerned precincts or municipalities or provinces. And after deducting the votes which were nullified, the winner in the election protest shall be determined based on who garnered the highest number of valid votes based on the remaining precincts which were not annulled. To advocate that there should be a special election would place the entire electoral contest in an absurd situation, as another conduct of special election opens the door to another election protest. Such proposition feeds the pernicious "grab the proclamation prolong the protest" technique.

102. As such, the issue as to who has the competence to call for such elections is rendered moot and unnecessary given that there is no need to call for a special elections as discussed above.

103. As to whether this will mean "recovery" for the protestant under **Rule 65**, which will, in turn, mean revision of all his contested precincts nationwide, the answer is **NO** given that the annulment of election results is **separate, distinct and independent** from the

judicial revision, recount and re-appreciation of ballots. **Rule 65 finds no application here.**

104. Lastly, as to the effect of the Honorable Tribunal's ruling on Protestant's Third Cause of Action on protestee's counter protest, again, it goes without saying that since the protestant's Third Cause of Action is a separate, distinct and independent cause of action, the resolution thereof will not affect the protestee's counter-protest given that the latter is dependent on the protestant's Second Cause of Action which is for the judicial revision, recount, and re-appreciation of ballots.

PRAYER

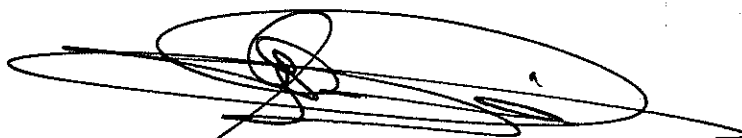
ACCORDINGLY, it is most respectfully prayed of this Honorable Tribunal to **RECONSIDER, REVIEW** and **RE-EXAMINE** the Preliminary Appreciation conducted on the pilot protested provinces of Camarines Sur, Iloilo and Negros Oriental; to **UPHOLD** and **AFFIRM** the competence of this Honorable Tribunal to resolve the Third Cause of Action; to immediately **PROCEED** with the Third Cause of Action notwithstanding the pendency of the resolution on the Second Cause of Action; to **DIRECT** the COMELEC handwriting experts to **CONDUCT** the **TECHNICAL EXAMINATION** of the voters' signatures appearing on the Election Day Computerized Voter's List (EDCVL) as against the voters' signatures appearing on the Voters Registration Records (VRRs) in each of the **two thousand seven hundred fifty-six (2,756)** protested clustered precincts of *Lanao Del Sur, Maguindanao, and Basilan* relative to the Third Cause of Action; to **CONDUCT** another Preliminary Conference for the Third Cause of Action and thereafter to **PROCEED** with the presentation of evidence for the Third Cause of Action; to **NOTE** and **ADMIT** the foregoing *Memorandum* as well as **CONSIDER** the same in resolving the pending incidents in the above-entitled case.

Other reliefs, just and equitable under the premises, are also prayed for.

City of Manila, Philippines, **19 December 2019.**

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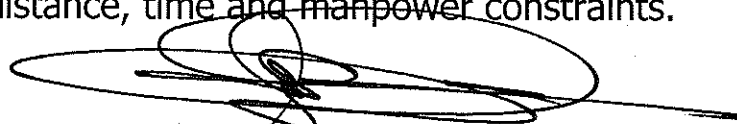
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EXPLANATION

[Pursuant to Rule 30 and 31 of the PET Rules in relation to Section 11, Rule 13 of the 1997 Rules of Civil Procedure]

Copies of the foregoing *Memorandum* were served to the above-mentioned parties by registered mail, personal service being impractical due to distance, time and manpower constraints.



GEORGE ERWIN M. GARCIA

